THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
CONTAINING
the Latest Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Omnibus Fares and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.
WITH A MAP OF INDIA.
Corrected up to March 1890.
BOMBAY:
Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.
PRICE, 2 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

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SIAM	3035 500	G. W. F. Browne	28th "
P.L. PENINSULAR	3500 1000	W. J. Webber	7th Mar.
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P.L. BUTLER	4305 800	W. D. Worcester	21st "
P.L. ASSAM	3038 500	G. W. F. Browne	28th "
P.L. MASSILIA	4012 1000	C. Fraser	4th April.
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† ASSAM	3038 500	G. W. F. Browne	25th "
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P.L. KAISAR-I-HIND	4029 700	G. W. Atkinson	16th "
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ORIENTAL	5500 1000	R. Stewart	15th Apr.
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Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	On or about 1890.
PEKIN	3929 600	P. Harris	12th Feb.
MIRZAPORE	3013 600	R. Harvey	27th Feb.
KAISER-I-HIND	4029 700	G. W. Atkinson	13th Mar.
P. LAMAS	1930 800	W. A. Scanlon	27th Mar.

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Bombay, 8th Jan. 1890.

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RAFFAELE RUBATINO	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	1st April 1890.

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Steamer.	To sail.
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Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Janr. 15, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
aMARIA TERESA	R. Doperis	4,200	600	21st Feb.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st March.
AMPHITRITE	G. Nicolich	4,200	650	1st April.
aMEDUSA	G. Mottel	3,500	550	21st April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,000	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Hechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.

& Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.
aWill not call at Brindisi.

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	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130
RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS	1st Class.	2nd Class.	
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STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
POSEIDON	L. Lemesich	4 200	650	15th March.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Mossowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Mottel	3,500	550	21st Feb. '90

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 60, Church Gate Street, Bombay, 5th Feb. 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R.	Commander.	To sail.
M. ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	13th Feb.
L. HISPANIA	3380	Blight	25th "
M. ASIA	3569	Wm. Russell	11th Mar.
L. PERSIA	3547	R. Hutchison	29th "
M. BRITANNIA	3069	Brown	14th April.
L. NUBIA	3551	T. G. Knox	26th "
M. ARABIA	3544	J. Laird	17th May.
M. HISPANIA	3380	Blight	31st "

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked M. go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for first-class passengers. All the fore-rooms are on the upper deck. For further particulars apply to
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Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 10th Jan. 1890.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessels.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
DEN HALL	R. N. Jones	3,600	400	15th Mar. '90

This Steamer has good accommodation for a limited number of Passengers at moderate rates, but carries no Surgeon and Stewardess.

WERNETH HALL	A. Buck	4,100	500	13th Apl. '90

This fast steamer has been specially built and adapted on every way for the Bombay trade, and carries both Surgeon and Stewardess.
Cabins are all on deck and forward of the Engines.
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THE MACIVER LINE S. S. "ETOLIA," 3139 tons, will SAIL for Plymouth about 5th February and again early May.
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Cabins amidship, and electric light.

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This Magnificent steamer has splendid accommodation for a limited number of passengers—will sail about 1st February. She is expected to reach Marseilles in 15 days, has electric lighting throughout. Carries a Stewardess. Rs. 325 to Marseilles.
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FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.
S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 a.m. on WEDNESDAY, 19th February.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.
S. S. "CHINDWARA," 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 13th February, at noon, calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR MOMBASSA, ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS
THE S. S. "BAGHDAD" 1,271 tons, on or about 15th February.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.
S. S. "KERBELA," 1,978 tons, on or about WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

FOR MARMAGAO DIRECT.
THE S. S. "BUSHEER," 862 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 11th February.
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 7th February, 1890. Agents.

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A FLOWER, Fruit and Vegetable Show will be held in the Victoria Gardens in March next, during the visit of H. R. H. PRINCE ALBERT VICTOR of WALES.
The exhibits will be grouped in the following Classes.

CLASS I.
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CLASS II.
FOLIAGE PLANTS.
CLASS III.
PALMS CYCADS PANDANUS &c.
CLASS IV.
FERNS, &c.
CLASS V.
CONIFERÆ.
CLASS VI.
TREES AND SHRUBS.
CLASS VII.
FLOWERING PLANTS.
CLASS VIII.
ORCHIDS.
CLASS IX.
CREEPERS OR CLIMBING PLANTS.
CLASS X.
HANGING PLANTS IN BASKETS, &c.
CLASS XI.
BEDDING AND EDGING PLANTS.
CLASS XII.
ANNUALS IN POTS.
CLASS XIII.
CUT FLOWERS.
CLASS XIV.
DINNER-TABLE DECORATIONS.
CLASS XV.
VEGETABLES.
CLASS XVI.
FRUITS.
CLASS XVII.
SEEDS.
CLASS XVIII.
HERBARIA.
CLASS XIX.
LITERATURE.
CLASS XX.
ART.
CLASS XXI.
INDUSTRY RELATING TO HORTICULTURE.

RULES FOR EXHIBITING
PLANTS, &c, AT THE FLOWER, FRUIT, AND VEGETABLE SHOW.

1. All exhibits should be the "*bona fide*" property of the exhibitors.
2. Public Gardens and Institutions are cordially invited to add to the attractions of the Show by sending exhibits; but in order to encourage private enterprize, the Committee desire it to be understood that no such exhibits should be eligible for competition.
3. The Committee will devote all reasonable attention and care to exhibits while in their charge, but undertake no responsibility for any loss or damage however caused. Exhibits must be sent to and removed from the Gardens at the risk and expense of exhibitors.
4. The Committee will render the exhibitors any assistance that may be required in the way of labelling, and naming of plants, and by arrangement of exhibits.
5. Intimation of desire to exhibit, containing description and number of objects and approximate statement of space required, should be forwarded to the Honorary Secretary, Victoria Garden, on or before the 15th February 1890, but the Committee will hold themselves free to receive exhibits of special value, of which no intimation may have been received.
6. The charge undertaken by the Committee must be understood to commence on receiving exhibit at the Garden, and to terminate at noon of the 3rd day, after the close of the show.
7. The Committee have the right to refuse any exhibits.
8. Exhibitors of cut flowers and table decorations are requested to furnish their own vases, tables, dishes, &c.
9. Prizes will be offered to the exhibitors according to the means at the disposal of the Committee. Further intimation on this subject will be given hereafter at as early date as possible.

For further information apply to
G. CARSTENSEN,
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Six-Shilling Box, fitted with 6 Colours, Brushes, &c.	Rs. 4 8
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THE "KENDAL," a capital Rug for the districts, long, wide, soft, and warm, the best value in India, in a variety of stylish colours	14 0 / 16 0 / 18 0 / 20 0
THE "SAVOY," very light, soft, and warm, handsome plaids	28 0
THE WINDSOR, light and warm, in a variety of neat colours, reversible	36 0 / 40 0

REAL WHITNEY BLANKETS.

BEST WHITE, made from fine Wool	26 0
SUPERFINE do. do. extra large	36 0
SCARLET, useful for Travelling	24 0
SUPERFINE, extra large	32 0
ARCTIC DOWN QUILTS, light and warm, covered Turkey chintz	27 0

MAUDS.

		Rs. a.
ATHOL / MALVERN / WAVERLEY / OBAN	In a variety of mixtures, checks, &c. A very useful Wrapper, also full material for a Travelling Suit	20 0 / 24 0 / 28 0 / 35 0
REAL SCOTCH HUNTING TARTANS / Various Clans		35 0 / 40 0

PILLOWS.

BEST ENGLISH HORSE HAIR	7 8
Do. do. FEATHER	7 8
EIDER DOWN, covered with soft Sateen chints, very light, comfortable, and easy to pack. Invaluable for the Railway	4 12 / 6 12 / 9 12

CASH (or V. P. P.) DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee = 12 PER CENT.

HOAR & CO., OUTFITTERS, BOMBAY

FARBENFABRIKEN VORMALS F. BAYER & CO., ELBERFELD.
MANUFACTURERS OF
THE TWO MOST SUCCESSFUL NEW REMEDIES OF THE DAY.

PHENACETIN-BAYER
(REGISTERED.)
The new Antipyretic and Antineuralgic.
The LANCET speaking of Antipyretics says:—
"The general concensus of opinion seems in favour of Antifebrin and PHENACETIN, the latter especially having found many advocates."
Price Rs. 2-2, per oz.
Phenacetin-Bayer Lozenges in tubes of 10.
Adult's dose (8 gr.) per tube...as. 12.
Children's dose (4 gr.),, ,, ...as. 8.

SULPHONAL-BAYER
(REGISTERED.)
The new Hypnotic.
The BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL says:—
"SULPHONAL is the nearest approach to an ideal Hypnotic that has yet been made."
Price Rs. 1-9 per oz.
Sulphonal-Bayer Lozenges in tubes of 10.
Adults dose (8 gr.) per tube...as. 12.
Children's dose (4 gr.),, ,, ...as. 8.

TO BE HAD OF ALL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS AND WHOLESALE OF
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,

SPECIAL IMPORTATION.

	Rs. a.
Ladies' Tan Suede Court Shoes, Soft and durable	7 0
Ladies' Grey Suede do.	7 0
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes jet beaded Toes	9 8
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes Gold beaded Toes	9 8
Ladies' Glace Court Shoes Steel beaded Toes	9 8
Ladies' Glace Oxford Walking Shoes finest quality	12 8
Ladies' Russian Hide Oxford Walking Shoes finest quality	11 8
Ladies' Russia Hide Court Shoes finest quality	8 0
Ladies' Red Morocco Court Shoes do.	8 0
Ladies' Blue Morocco Court Shoes do.	8 0
Ladies' Fancy Worked Velvet Slippers Various Colours	4 8
Ladies' Soft Glace Slippers	5 0
Lutitian Cream for Brown or Russia Shoes	1 8

BOMBAY, POONA AND SECUNDERABAD.

FOR SALE.
A PAIR of TANDEM HORIZONTAL COMPOUND CONDENSING ENGINES by Musgrave Bolton, 800 Horse Power, indated, with Cylinders 25 inches and 42 inches diameter 5 set stroke. Fly wheel 27 feet 6 inches diameter grooved for 22 ropes 6½ circumference. They can be seen at work up to the end of Febuary. Apply to
AGENTS, HOWRAH MILLS Co., Ld.,
Calcutta.

TO BE LET, the followin properties from 1st February next.
1. BUNGALOW, No. 4, Opposite the Mazagon Castle, Mazagon Road.
2. MEDICAL HALL, No. 5 in th Junction of Mazagon and Dockyard Road.
3. BUNGALOWS. No. 6, in Dockyard Road. Apply to Mr. FLOWER, House Agent, in the Fort or at Mazagon Road No. 3, to
BYRAMJEE NUSSERVANJEE SERVAI.

INDIAN IMPERIAL MARIE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMTED.
WE have been APPOINTED AGENTS to the above Company and is prepared to accept Marine risks on the most favorable terms.
MACKINNON, MACKNZIE, & Co.,
Agents.

WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
BANKERS AND GENTS.
28, APOLLO STREET BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kt, and Interest allowed on any asunt.
FIXED DEPOSITS received: rates of Interest to be ascertained on plication.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.
DRAFTS, CHEQUES and BANK BILLS issued, cashed or sent for collection.
TELEGRAPHIC and HOM FAMILY Remittances made at the best exchange rate of the day.
STOCK, SHARES, &c., bght and sold, and INVESTMENT made.
GOVERNMENT PAPER SARES and other Securities kept for safe custod and Interest and Dividends collected.
LOANS and ADVANCES made on approved securities
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and given at specially favurable rates.
ASSURANCE—LIFE, FIRE, MARINE, effected at reasonable rates.
Agents for the ORIENTAL and STANDARD Life Office
HANDBOOKS sent from application.
LONDON HOSE.
WILLIAM WATSON and Co.,
27, LEADENHALL STREET.

REVENUE ENHANCMENTS.—By W. Wedgewood, Bombay Civil Service, 2 vols Rupees 2 Bombay Gazette Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., LD.
ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS
THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.
The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDRABAD, GANGARUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any o the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Staion Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privileges should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two trunk lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c, seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.
Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad, Re. 1 per month. For every additional square fo

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC,
SATURDAY NIGHT, FEBRUARY 8TH,
THE GREAT RACE.
SIMMONS,
CHAMPION OF THE WORLD,
RIDGELY,
CHAMPION OF INDIA & AUSTRALIA,
For a Rs. 100 Trophy,
and an Outside Wager of Rs. 1,000.)
GET YOUR COSTUMES READY
FOR THE
LAST GRAND FANCY DRESS CARNIVAL
and BON BON PARTY,
Under the old management.
THURSDAY, FEB. 13TH.
Rs. 600 IN PRIZES TO BE GIVEN,
For the Handsomest Costumes, Most Original Costumes, Best Sustained Characters, Most Graceful Skaters &c.
☞ ONLY THOSE IN FANCY DRESS WILL BE ALLOWED to SKATE.

SWITCHBACK RAILWAY.
EVERY EVENING
4 to 12 p. m.
UNRIVALLED ATTRACTION.
WORLD RENOWNED
MADRAS ACROBATS.

SCOTTISH ORPHANAGE CONCERT.
TOWN HALL.
WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY, 12TH, at 9 p.m.
THEIR EXCELLENCIES THE GOVERNOR AND LADY REAY
have kindly intimated their intention of being present,
PROGRAMME.
1. Organ Solo .....March..... Smart.
Mr. MANT.
2. Duet.....The Moon has raised her lamp above..... Benedict.
Mrs. DOHERTY and Mr. HEBDITCH.
3. Violin Solo .....Legende..... Bohm.
MR. FREYVOGEL.
4. Solo .....“Caller Herrin”..... Old Scottish,
LADY MORLAND.
5. Solo.....If I were King ..... R.K. Armitage.
Mr. REID.
6. Solo .....Ave Maria..... Gounod.
Mrs. WALKER
Accompanied by Organ, Mr. MANT; Violin, Mr. FREYVOGEL; Flute, Sergt. MADDERMOT, and Piano Mr. METAXAS.
INTERVAL OF FIVE MINUTES.
1. Organ Solo...Andante.....Guilmant.
MR. MANT.
2. Solo .....On the Banks of Allan Water ..... Traditional.
MR. ANDERSON CLARK
3. Piano Solo ...Scherzo in B flat minor...Chopin.
MR. METAXAS.
4. Solo Love of my Life .....Arthur Hervey.
LADY MORLAND.
5. Solo .....Sosme from Faust.....Gounod.
MRS. A. C. WALKER.
6. Solo.....Coeur de Lion .....Stark.
MR. HEBDITCH.
7. Trio .....Queen of the Night ....
MRS. A. C. WALKER, LADY MORLAND, AND MR. HEBDITCH.
AULD LANG SYNE.
Reserved Tickets, Price Rs. 3,
may be obtained at Messrs. SOUNDY & Co.

THE ANNUAL MEETING
of the
ORPHANAGE SOCIETY
DAY, February 15th, at
HIM,
0 p.m.
has kindly consented to
e at the
TRIBUTION.
DUNCEMENT
SHED PATRONAGE.
MATEUR DRAMATIC
a representation at the
highly successful English
Guard” by W. S. Gilbert and
the 14th March and during
the funds of the European
General Hospital and the Foundling Hospital.
Seats may be secured at SOUNDY and Co. on and after the 15th February.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
A CONCERT
will be given at the
TOWN HALL,
On TUESDAY 18th February, 1890, at 9-15 p.m.
FIRST PART
1 Organ Solo .....Mr. R. N. Mant.
2 Bass Solo .....Mr. R. G. Hebditch.
3 Piano Forte Solo .....Mr. Metaxas.
4 Soprano Solo .....Mrs. A. C. Walker.
5 Concerted Piece .....
(Instrumental)
SECOND PART
HYMN OF PRAISE—MENDELSSOHN.
Reserved Seats .....Rs. 3.
Back Seats ..... „ 2.
Tickets may be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY & Co. on and after Monday, 10th February, 1890.
C. M. MOBERLY,
Honorary Secretary.

WANTED, a first class DRAUGHTSMAN and Estimator. One who can draw plans of buildings readily from the hand sketches. Salary Rs. 80. Apply to the undersigned.
E. D. TWEMLOW, Lt. Col., R.E.,
Poona, 6th February 1890. Sup. Eng., Military Works.

TO BE LET.—CHAMBERS for Barristers, Pleaders, and Offices at Esplanade and Elden Roads next to National Bank Building. Apply Sharp first floor to
B. SAKARAMJI,
House Agent,
3, Elden Road, Rampart Row, Fort.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.
Within five minutes drive of Station.)
NEWLY FURNISHED.
Excellent Table and Lawn Tennis Grounds.
A few rooms still available for approaching hot season.
SHIKAR AND PICNIC PARTIES ARRANGED.

NOTICE.
ESTATE OF CLEMENT BRERETON, DECEASED, LATE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, DHARWAR.
ALL persons having claims against or being indebted to the above estate are requested to communicate with the undersigned within one month from this date after which no claims will be admitted.
H. N. ALEXANDER,
Holding Probate of the Will of the deceased from the Dharwar District Court.
Dharwar, 8th February 1890.

NOTICE OF WARNING.
ALL PERSONS are hereby WARNED AGAINST PURCHASING from, or DEALING in any way with IGNACIO ANTONE QUINY in respect of the two pieces of land situate at Mingootmalnee, Parell and admeasuring about 2280 and 2641 square yards respectively and registered under Collector's old Nos. 370, 375, 376, 383, 393, 379, New Nos. D-12411 12414 and New Survey Nos. 1-2399 2-2903. The said Ignacio Antone Quiny has no legal right whatever in the said pieces of land which belong absolutely to the undersigned Manoel Antone Quiny and his wife Jeana.
Notwithstanding this warning any person should purchase the said pieces of land or deal with the said Ignacio Antone Quiny in any way in connection with the same he will do so at his risk and peril. Dated this 4th day of February 1890.
MANOEL ANTONE QUINY.
O—the mark of JOANA, wife of Manoel Antone Quiny.

LIST OF ESTATES to which LETTERS of ADMINISTRATION have been granted to the Administrator General and Official Trustee of Estates, which have come [illegible]
SOMNARAYEN NARAYEN, late of Bombay Hindu.
[illegible] BAHADURJEE, late of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant.
[illegible] A RICE, formerly of Dublin, but [illegible]
[illegible] ROBINSON, late a driver on the North-Western Railway, Bukkur.
TAMBRIDGE, late Lieutenant 1st Battalion, [illegible] Regiment, Madras Staff Corps, attached to 1st Battalion, Bombay Rifle Regiment.
[illegible] MUGALA, late Machine shop-foreman, North-Western Railway, Sukkur.
HENRY JOHN MOUNTFIELD, late 1st Grade Apothecary, [illegible] Medical Department.
[illegible] MACQUEEN, late Missionary of the United Presbyterian Church.
[illegible] late a Guard on the Indian Mid-[illegible]
EDWARD GORDON MORRISON, late of the Bombay [illegible]
[illegible] ROUGH, late Engineer in charge of [illegible] Bombay.
[illegible] DENNIS, late a [illegible] Battery, “B” Brigade, Royal [illegible] in the [illegible]
[illegible] claims against, being or indebted to, or holding property belonging to the above named, are hereby requested to state their claims, pay their debts and make over such property to the undersigned forthwith. All claims must be sent to the undersigned at his [illegible] office immediately from the date of this advertisement. At the expiration of the said period the assets of the said [illegible] will be distributed, and claims received after that period will not be recognised.
L. RIVETT CARNAC,
Administrator General.
Administrator General's Office, High Court, Bombay, 6th February, 1890.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.
THE FEBRUARY NUMBER OF THE
PICKINGS
FROM
THE HINDI PUNCH
THE ONLY ILLUSTRATED COMIC JOURNAL IN THE PRESIDENCY,
FULL OF FUN AND FROLIC, WIT AND HUMOUR.
Containing all the cartoons, cuts, and sketches that appear in the Weekly *Hindi Punch* on Current, Political, and Social Topics.
WITH ENGLISH AND GUJARATI
LETTER PRESS BELOW EACH ILLUSTRATION.
Says the *Bombay Gazette* :—“The artist . . . deserves credit for the vigilance with which he “watches the course of events, even in dull times. . . . The paper is conducted with good humour and good feeling. . . . It seems to be a lively publication, . . which manages to be bright even in dull times.”
Says the *Native Opinion* :—“On our side it is the only illustrated and most charming paper, and deserves the patronage of every class of society.
YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION, Rs. 6, Single copy, annas eight. Postage free all over India.
Hindi Punch Office Frere Road, New Modykhana, opposite the European General Hospital, Eastern side.
THE WEEKLY EDITION OF THE
HINDI PUNCH.
Is published every SUNDAY MORNING, with about a dozen comic illustrations on the current political and social topics.
Yearly subscription, Rs. 18; half yearly Rs. 9; single copy, annas 8.

NOTICE.
MY Wife ELIZABETH (Bessie) Thielmann, having without my consent or knowledge left my house and protection on the 5th instant, I hereby give notice that I will not hold myself responsible for any debts contracted by her.
C. THIELMANN,
Bombay, February 7th 1890.

THE INDIAN FIRE INSURANCE Co., Ld.
NOTICE.
THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Co., will be held at the registered office of the Co. No. 21, Parsee Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay on Saturday, the 8th February 1890 at 3 p.m., to transact the business of which notice has been given by circular to the shareholders.
SORABJEE RUSTOMJEE MODY,
CURSETJEE COWASJEE DALAL,
Secretaries and Managers.
Bombay, 7th February 1890.

NOTICE is hereby given that BAI DHUNBAIJI, widow of DHANJIBHAI NUSSERVANJI CAMA, has contracted to sell the property hereunder described. All persons having any claim against the said property either by way of inheritance, gift, sale, mortgage, lease, lien or otherwise, are hereby required to make them known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 91, Meadow Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same if any will be considered as waived.—Dated this 6th day of February 1890.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground situate at and fronting the south side of Grant Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 46378 7-9 square yards be the same little more or less, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 38 and 87, and bounded as follows—that is to say on or towards the north by the said Grant Road, on or towards the east partly by the property of Anthony George De Ga, and partly by a public road, on or towards the west by a public road leading from the Grant Road to the Girgaum Road, and on or towards the south by the Khetwadi Back Road, and which said premises were formerly in the occupation of the tenants of the said Dhunbhaiji.
MANSUKHLAL, DAMODAR & JAMSETJI,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA SPINNING & WEAVING CO., Ld.
NOTICE is hereby given that an AD-INTERIM DIVIDEND for the half year ending 31st Dec. 1889, is declared at the rate of Rs. 12-8-0 per share, equal to 10 per cent. per annum and will be paid on and after the 28th instant to shareholders whose names appear on the Register of the Company on the 15th idem. on production of share certificates.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from Monday, the 17th to Saturday, the 22nd instant both days inclusive.
Shareholders residing in Dharwar, Belgaum and Bijapur Districts will obtain Dividend warrants at Hubli on and after the 3rd March 1890, on production of share certificates to the Manager there.
By order of the Directors.
P. CHRYSTAL & Co.,
Bombay, 7th February, 1890. Secretaries & Managers.

INDIAN GUARANTEE AND SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.
NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 10 per cent. for the year ending 31st December, 1889, will be paid to Registered shareholders on and after MONDAY, the 10 Proxime, at the Offices, Albert Building.
By Order of the Board of Directors.
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F. I. A.
Secretary.
Bombay, 29 January, 1890.

NOTICE TO MILLS, RAILWAY COS PRESSES AND NAVIGATION COS
ALL sorts of Yarn Waste, Scrawl Rim Card and Spindle Bandings of every description, assorted kinds of Flower and China Ties, to be had ready or made to order from the undersigned at very moderate charges.
IBRAHIMJEE JEELABHOY,
No. 216, Ripon Road, Bombay.

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.
EPPS'S COCOA.
BREAKFAST.
“By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.”—See article of the *Civil Service Gazette*.
Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in lb. and pound tins, lables thus :—
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.
BANKERS and AGENTS to MEMBERS of H.M. SERVICES, REGIMENTS, CLUBS, SOCIETIES SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS, and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept.
FIXED DEPOSITS received.
FAMILY and TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made.
BILLS granted on Messrs. GRINDLAY & Co., London.
CHEQUES on London cashed or collected.
INVESTMENTS and SALES made in STOCK and SHARES.
PAY and PENSIONS realised.
PASSAGES booked and Baggage shipped.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
PACKAGES landed and shipped.
NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES ordered.
ASSURANCES effected; Marine, Fire, and Life
SUPPLIES of every description procured.
Terms and particulars upon application.
London Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.

A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY LOST VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicines, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 259 High Holborn, LONDON.

NOW READY! NOW READY!!
MACLEAN'S
GUIDE TO BOMBAY
AND
BOMBAY DIRECTORY
FOR
1890.
Printed and Published at the “BOMBAY GAZETTE” Office.
INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 3; with Postage, Rs. 5-4.
THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.
While recording the advance that has been made in material prosperity, the Guide gives a comprehensive account of the numerous charities which are maintained by the benevolence of leading citizens of the past and present generations, and accurate and detailed descriptions of the various new public buildings which have been completed during the year.
The Directory has been carefully corrected and revised up to the day of going to Press. Valuable information has been added, and special care has been taken that the local information shall meet the wants of commercial men and the general public.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office,
Albert Buildings, Esplanade, Fort.
has removed from Medows Streets Esplanade Road. (next to National Bank of India) and Malabar Hill Road.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

NOW READY—MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY for 1890.—Enlarged, Corrected, and Revised up to Date. Indispensable for Visitors and Residents. Cloth bound.—Price Rs. 3.—Postage 4 annas. *Bombay Gazette*, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay.

“R. A.” SCOTCH WHISKEY. A fresh shipment of this VERY OLD Whiskey has just been received from Page and Sandeman, by their Bombay Agents—PHIPSON & Co.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Pereshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

TOBACCO.—Havelock's and Tennant's, in STICKS of 4s and 6s to a lb. in Bond or Retail for sale. Trial orders solicited.—ERANI HORMAZ SHERIAR, Cigar and Tobacco Merchant, No. 3, Rangari Mohla, opposite Crawford Market, Bombay.

NEW YEAR'S GIFTS! Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort Bombay.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!! Auction sale of 25 Walers to the highest bidder to-day, at 3-30 p.m., opposite Tram Stables, Colaba.—See BENNETT'S Advertisement.

WANTED—A Good MILLINER. Apply to “J. O. B.,” care of this office.

BOOT TRADE—WANTED.—A thoroughly experienced CUTTER, none but Competent Europeans need apply.—R. GRIFFIN & Co., Military Saddlers, Harness and Boot Makers, Rawal Pindi.

RIPON HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—Major Stanley Carter says (from another Hotel)—“If I come up next year, I shall stay with you. Your Table Arrangements are superior to any.”

PIANO FOR SALE.—Iron-frame Boudoir upright by Soundy; full rich tone in first-rate order, and only 18 months old, Rs. 400. Apply: Major DANIELL, Government House, Parel.

FIRE-PROOF SAFE 3' by 2' by 2' by Withers Birmingham, large and roomy—Chubb lock with duplicate keys, in first-rate order cost £18 new. Price, Rs. 125. Apply Major DANIELL, Government House, Parel.

BROUGHAM FOR SALE.—Circular-fronted, double brougham by Walsh, London light and elegant, and very roomy-fitted with both roll and shafts in first rate order. Rs. 700. Apply Major DANIELL, Government House, Parel.

TRICHINOPOLY CIGARS—Regulia, Bee Hive and Havana, at Rs. 2, 1-14 and 1-12 per 100 respectively. These Cigars are expressly prepared for us of the finest selected Bindigal Tobacco, and all lovers of Genuine Trichy should give them a trial.—DANTRA and Co., 33, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!!—The Portable Electric Light Installation of the *Bombay Gazette* has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding Festivities, &c. Apply to the “ELECTRICIAN,” *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND.—CLASSES MORNINGS and EVENINGS. Pitman's Proficiency certificate obtainable from England. Speed certificates granted. JOHN PETERS, Cerificated Teacher (1871.) Railway Bridge, Byculla.

STEAM-LAUNCH.—“VICTORIA.” This Fine New Launch is AVAILABLE FOR PICNICS to Elephanta and other places of pleasure resort in the Bombay Harbour. For Terms apply to THOMAS COOK & SON, 13, Rampart Row.

REQUIRED, an ASSISTANT MATHEMATICAL TEACHER a European, Catholic and University Graduate. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 200 and fr e furnished quarters. Apply with copies of testimonials to The Revd JAMES DOOGAN, Principal St. George's College, Manor House, Mussoorie, N-W.P.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents. (Established 1871.) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

MAHABLESHWAR.—TO LET, “West Wood” “Park Hall,” “Reay Villa,” “Race View,” and many other bungalows of, from 2 to 6 bedrooms, Com : ex : views. Particulars Apply to Mr. CURSETJEE DADABHOY, Ripon Hotel.

TO LET LARGE ROOMS WITH BATHroom and small Verandah Westerly breeze. Apply to ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE, Albert Building.

TO BE LET IMMEDIATELY.—A HOUSE in Meadow Street, consisting of 2 floors at Rs. 75 per month, most suitable for office or residence, lately occupied by Messrs. Sydney Carleton and Co. Apply D. MACROPOLO, Bombay.

MATHERAN, RUGBY HOTEL.—Nearest to Gymkhana. Church and sevesal points. ROOMS bright and airy. TERMS more favourable than other places.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India) :—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ba-la-walla's Ague-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Batliwalla's Ague-Pills or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillip and Co., at Re. 1 each.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply “P.” care of this office.

PATENT SELF DIGESTIVE BREAD, can be had to order, at PEARSE'S, Church Gate Street.

DEWJEE CANJEE & Co.—Teakwood and Black-wood Plain and Inlaid Furniture of English and Indian Designs made to Order.—Chuckla, No. 6.

FLOUR MILLS, Grain Crushers, Soda-Water Machines, &c., of various capacities for hand, cattle or steam power.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

TO RAJAHS.—FOR SALE large St. BERNARD SLUT, good Breed.—For particulars and pedigree, apply to Captain S. S. CLIO, Princes Dock, Bombay.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY, MUIR & Co., Bombay.

REQUIRED—An EXPERIENCED PUBLIC WORKS SUPERVISOR. Salary Rs. 50 to 75 according to qualifications. Apply with copies of testimonials to STATE KARBHARI, Janjira.

THE GEM PATENT AIR-GUN, the newest cheapest, and most perfect in the market and excellent weapon for practice, Rs. 35; without case Rs. 30.—STEFFENAUER & Co.

WATERPROOF TWEED HOLDALLS.—The most useful Article for Travellers, Holding Wraps, Bedclothes, and other Articles, superior quality, Rs. 18, 20, 22.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE “CHAMPION” HAND ICE MACHINE, indispensable for Camp and Up-country Residences, Simple, Effectual, Economical, in Stock.—F. W SHALLIS, Marine Street, Bombay.

TO BARRISTERS and LAWYERS.—The address of Gentleman who inspected some GOLD BRACELET WATCHES about six weeks ago, having been accidentally mislaid, Messrs. MARCKS & Co. Ld. intimate hereby the ARRIVAL of an ENTIRELY NEW STOCK of above articles, this week and which they will be pleased to show him.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the in formation of the previous week carefully arranged ; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year, free of postage. English subscription Rs 17 per year including postage.

A. & B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whiskey and Highland Whiskey, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERRAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 35, Medows Street, Bombay.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Holding numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR. C. DAWASEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Meadow Street.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.
THE INDIAN TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,
A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing the time and fare tables of the Railway Companies' steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between he principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and ad ab, short descriptive notices of all places of in terest, the hill-sanitaria, &c., with a new map o India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price, 8 annas : postage free. Published on ne first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

KEATING'S BONBONS OR WORM TABLETS.
A PURELY VEGETABLE SWEETMEAT both in appearance and taste, furnishing a most agreeable method of administering the only certain remedy for INTESTINAL or THREAD WORMS. It is a perfectly safe and mild preparation, and is especially adapted for Children. Sold in Bottles by all Chemists.

NOTICES.

APOLOGY.
HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
I, THE undersigned ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSSAIN, trading in Shaik Memon Street, in Bombay, as ABDOOL HOOSSAIN HEPTOOLABHAI hereby admit that I have knowingly SOLD as HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT in Kegs, bearing an imitation of Hubbuck & Son's well known trade-mark, paint of a quality very inferior to that manufactured by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son, and that I represented the same to be Hubbuck and Son's genuine white Zinc Paint though it was to my knowledge not manufactured by them at all, and I acknowledge that the paint seized by Messrs. Hubbuck and Son in my shop, under a search warrant issued by the Chief Presidency Magistrate, was spurious paint such as that described above, I consent to the same being delivered up to Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's representative in Bombay, and I declare that I have no more paint in my possession or power bearing the spurious mark referred to, or any other imitation of Messrs. Hubbuck and Son's trade mark, hereby PUBLICLY & HUMBLY APOLOGISE for having WRONGFULLY INJURED Messrs. Hubbuck & Sons in their trade, and for having injured their reputation, and I PROMISE never again to commit a SIMILAR FRAUD, and lastly I authorise Messrs. Hubbuck & Son to publish this apology in any manner they think fit.
પ્રથમ અલી અબદુલહુસેન સઈ
અબદુલહુસેન હેબતુલાભાઇના
નામથી વેપાર કરનાર.
i. e., ESSOOFALLY ABDUL HOOSAIN,
TRADING AS
ABDOOL HOOSEIN HEPTOOLABHAI.
Bombay, 21st January, 1890.

CAUTION.
THOS. HUBBUCK & SON WARN DEALERS and others that steps have been taken to ensure in future a strict watch, and anyone found selling or exposing for sale spurious imitations of Hubbuck's Patent White Zinc Paint will at once be rigorously prosecuted.
THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON,
Offices, 24, Lime St., London,
Factory and Wharf Ratcliff E.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT.
TO Architects, Contractors, Dock Companies, Mill Owners, Railway Companies, Ship Owners and all who are desirous of obtaining, a reliable and durable Paint, THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON (the original Patentees of White Zinc Paint) beg to inform the above that “HUBBUCK'S GENUINE PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT AND OILS” can always be obtained of the undermentioned well known Firms in Bombay. This Paint has successfully stood the test of all climates for many years, and has an ever increasing demand ; it is far superior in pureness of colour, in body, in fineness, and lasting properties to any other Paint ; retains its color, and when mixed with HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL does not crack or blister, and is not effected by atmospheric changes, salt water, or gas). THOMAS HUBBUCK AND SON knowing the importance of such a Paint to the above, trust their Friends will continue to use this world-renowned HUBBUCK'S PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT, the quality of which never varies.
HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
THOS. HUBBUCK & SON desire to call attention to their special PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL. This Oil is paler than Raw Linseed Oil and therefore does not discolor White or other delicate colors. By their patent process all the fatty matter (which renders Paint non-drying and sticky) is extracted, making the Paint mixed with this Oil dry quickly with a perfectly hard and smooth surface, prevents blistering, and is therefore consequently much more durable. This Oil has been successful in use for many years in China, Japan, the West Indies, the Straits Settlements, Burmah, &c. One trial will show the importance of this Oil in a climate like India, and will cause it to become in general demand through India. THOS. HUBBUCK & SON also supply GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE, and therefore, trust their friends will see when ordering HUBBUCK'S PAINTS that they also get HUBBUCK'S GENUINE OILS and TURPENTINE. Good Paint is destroyed by using an inferior Oil.
J. FISCHER and Co., 21, Hummum Street.
JOSEPH SOARES, Elphinstone Circle.
D. R. DADY & Co.
H. SHAIK ADAM and Co., Church Lane.
E. A. KURRIM, Apollo Road.
E. E. KURWA, and Sons Abdool Rahmon Street.
SHALLABHOY TYEBJEE and Co., Apollo Road.
NUZERALLY SURRAFALLY, Jumma Musjid.
A. M. HASSANALLY, Abdool Rahmon Street.
ESSOOFALLY SUMSOODIN, Jumma Musjid.
CHANDABHOY RAJBHOY & Co.
MAHOMEDBHAI ABDOOL HOOSEIN.
&c.,
&c.
THOS. HUBBUCK and SON, (ESTABLISHED 1765.)
Manufacturers, Patent White Zinc, Genuine WHITE Lead, Genuine Red Lead, Colors, Varnishes etc.
(OIL BOILERS AND REFINERS)
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSES—24 LIME St. E.C. FACTORY AND WHARF—RATCLIFF, LONDON, E.

BYCULLA CLUB.—The HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House on Friday the 28th February 1890 at 6 o'clock p.m.
W. WEBB,
Bombay, 25th January, 1890. Hon. Secretary.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.
THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Royal Bombay Yacht Club, will be held at the CLUB House, on TUESDAY, the 25th February 1890, at 30 p. m.
S. H. C. HUTCHINSON,
Hony. Secretary.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Parel. Tenders will be received not later than noon on TUESDAY next, at the Chief Store keeper's Office, Parel.
S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

NOTICE.
MEMBERS of the EUROPEAN CIVIL (late Uncovenanted) SERVICES desirous of signing the Petition to be presented to Parliament on their behalf this sessions will find, at the office of Messrs. KING KING and Co., Standard Buildings, Horaby Road, Bombay, blank forms for the purpose.
H. G. GELL,
Hon. Sec. *pro-tem* E. C. S. Association Bombay.
Byculla Club, 31st January 1890.

SASSOON MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
DR. J. H. STEEL, Principal and Professor, Veterinary Science, will DELIVER a LECTURE in the above Institute, on MONDAY, the 10th February, 1890, at 5-15 p.m.
SUBJECT.—“SCIENCE IN BOMBAY.”
Mr. W. E. HART, B.A., Bar-at-Law will deliver a lecture in the Institute, on MONDAY, the 10th March, 1890, at 5-30 p. m.
SUBJECT.—“PRE-HISTORIC BOMBAY.”
Members, their families, and friends are invited.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY LIMITED.
SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply of OILS, TALLOW, and COTTON WASTE, during the year commencing 1st April 1890. Delivery will be taken at the Store Depts at Hubli, Ghorpuri, or Bangalore.
Specifications and forms of Tenders for delivery at any of the above Depots can be obtained from the Storekeeper at Hubli.
Tenders must reach he office of the Agent and Chief Engineer, Dharwar, not later than 4th March 1890, and the covers should be haded Tenders for the Tallow and Cotton Waste.
The Agent and Chie Engineer does not bind himself to accept the lowest or ay render. For any further information apply to the Storekeeper, Hubli.
J. G. LINDSAY, Col., R. E.,
Dharwar, 3rd February 1890. Agent and Chief Engineer.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAKWOOD BOARDS.
TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of TEAKWOOD ROOF BOARDS 3-4" and 5-8" thick.
Tenders must be made upon the Company's Form Sealed and superscribed “Tender for Teakwood Boards,” and delivered at the Actig Agent's office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (finaline) WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, after whh hour no Tender will be received.
Tenders must be aompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, or the Teder will not be received.
Specifications and orms of Tender can be obtained from the undersigned.
The Acting Agent das not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper's Office, Arel, 6th February, 1890. Storekeeper,

GREAT INDIANPENINSULA RAILWAY.
TEAKLOG TIMBER.
TENDERS are nvited for the supply of 800 tons of Teak SQUARED LOG TIMBER, under three separate specifications, for delivery at the Company's Locomotive Dep, Parel Bombay.
The specifications an Forms of Tender may be obtained on application at the torekeeper's Office ; Parel.
Tenders must be mas in strict accordance with the specifications, and independently of each other, and no Tender will be entertaed in which the Company's conditions have been altered.
Tenders must be sosk and subscribed Tender for Teak Timber delivered at the gent's Office, Victoria Terminus, Bombay, not later than noon (finaline) WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant after which hour no Tender will be received.
Tenders must be aompanied separately by a deposit of Rs. 1,000, or the Tenc will not be received.
The Acting Agent do not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper's Office, arel, 1st February, 1890. Storekeeper.

NOTICE.
PURSUANT to ct XXVIII of 1866 of the Legislative Coucil of India entitled “The Trustees and Mortgagees Powers Act 1866” Notice, is hereby given that all persons being creditors of or otherwise having any claims upon against the estate of DAVID WYLLIE, late of No. 4 Bishopsgate street, within the City of London, Doctor of Medicine and Surveon-General on the retired list of H.Majesty's Indian Army (Bombay Division) European, deased, (who died at Homburg in Germany on or about the 24th day of August 1889, and letters of administration with a copy of his Will annexed of whose property and credits were on the 29th day of January 1890 granted the High Court of Judicature at Bombay to AUGUSTS AYSHFORD CONROY and RICHARD SNADEBROWN of Bombay, Advocates, two of the said Court, and wo of the constituted attorneys of JAMES WYLLIthe Executor named in the said Will for his use a benefit and limited until he shall obtain Probate the said will granted to him to have effect throughc the Bombay Presidency, are required to send to the ud. reigned, solicitors for the said Augustus Ayshford Croy and Richard Sneade Brown on their behalf at theoffice, No.2, Green Street, Elphinstone Circle, within th Fort of Bombay, in writing their names and addresses a the particulars of their claims upon or against the sate of the said deceased so as to reach the said office on or before the 15th day of March 1890, as after that te the said Augustus Ayshford Conroy and Richard Sneade Brown as such administrators will pay or rem the assets of the said deceased amongst them in their handso the said James Wyllie as the person thereto entitld or will otherwise proceed to administer the said ass having regard only to the claims of which the said Adrs. trators shall then have notice at aforesaid, and no Hse sent in subsequently will be recognised.—Dated th 31st day of January 1890.
CONROY AND BROWN,
Administrators Solicitors.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY EDITION
Price, Re. 1 per month ; Rs. 12 per year, if paid in advance from the Bombay Gazette Office.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).
HEAD OFFICE—25, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL £833,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £416,250
RESERVE FUND £130,000
LONDON BANKERS.
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND,
NATIONAL BANK F SCOTLAND, Ld.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at per cent. per annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest will be allowed on balances under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Karrachee,

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

	Shares.	Amt	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	All	12 pct.	940
Bank of Bengal	42,000	500	All	10 do.	990
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	All	14 do.	900
EXCHANGE BANKS.		£	£		
Agra Bank	10,000	100	All	6 do.	125
Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China	60,000	$125	All	..	455
National Bank	37,320	250	125	5 do.	185

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	} 10	
Badhan Pile & Co., Ld.	7,500	150	150	} p.ct.	
Bombay Co. Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	142
Bombay Land & Building Co., Ld.	625		135	Nil	
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	00	00	0	6 p.c.	600
Bombay Flour Mill Co.	750	500	500	10 p.c.	630
Bombay Ice Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	88
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation.	1,000	2,500	180	Rs.	3,075
Do. (2nd Issue).	2,000	62	45	Rs.	770
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c.	108
Clydesdale Dyeing Co.	1,000	500	500		90
Cooper, Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs.	5
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400 nl
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	177½
Geyser & Co., Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
India Guaranteed Bursetyship As.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c.	114
Kalyan-Hindi G. & M. Mining Co., Limited	42,000	25	25		44
Surrachee Lighterage	600	250	250	...	75
Remy & Co., Ld.	4,000	200	175	Rs. 361	350
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	00	100	Rs. 10	75
Napier Hotel Co.	300	100	100	13 p.c.	70
Napier Foundry	400	100	100	...	60c
Oriental Governance Security Life As.	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	210
Oriental Loan Assco.	5,000	20	20	8 p.s.	20
Fort Canning Co.	6,000	000	1000	Rs. 20	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	65
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs.	90
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	...	9	p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin.	1,000	...	96	...	80
Tuscherer Co., Ld.	10,000	25	500	Rs. 5-8	12
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,200
Thacker & Co., Ld.	1,500	100		Rs. 10	130
Western India Flour	900	1	125	Nil.	35
M Mody & Co					25
Bhownagger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W.	1,200	1,000	1,000		1300
Albert Edward Mills			00	500 Rs	300
Anglo-Indian Spinning & Mfg. Co., Ld.	9,345	100	100	2	77
Alfred Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,000	500	500	...	283
Ahmedabad Ginning	700	1,000	1,000	...	--
Ahmedabad Mfg. & Calico Printing Co.	4,800	125	125	...	--
Ambica S. & M. Co.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 25	--
Alliance Cotton Mfg.	1,800	1 00	1,00	Rs. 20	480
Bellary S. & W. Mills	871	500	500	Rs. 22½	485
Bombay Cotton Mfg.	900	500	500	Rs. 25	400
Bombay National Mfg Co., Ld	700	1,000	1,000		525
Bombay United S. & W. Co.	900	1,00	1,000	Rs. 30	625
Borar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	50	500	Rs. 55	980
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1260
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	700	700	Rs. 25	650
Connaught Mills Ld.	840	0	500	Rs. 1	630
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1400
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,600	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	480
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	90
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,445	00	1,00	Rs. 60	560
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1 00	1,00	Rs. 25	480
Gordon S. & M. Co.	700	150	15	Rs. 20	112½
Gujerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited.		1,00	1,000	...	--
Gumrat S. & W. Co.	420	1,00	1,00	...	--
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	730
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	5 0	...	575
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	575	500	Rs. 37	725 nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	705
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	900	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	950
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	500	5 0	Rs. 2	433
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,800	25	25	Rs. 1	245
James Greaves Mill after All S. & W. Co., Ld., Original Increased	1,450	5	25	Rs. 1	630
Jubilee Mfg. Co. Ld.	600	50	1,000		625
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1 0	Rs. 40	850
Khandesh S. & M.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	1070
Khatow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	556
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 50	795
Leopold S. Bleaching Co.	5,000	0	1,00	Rs. 0	90
Madras United S.	500		1,000	Rs. 100	1,950
Mahalaxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	490
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	105
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 50	1,360
Manockjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,00	Rs. 50	1,122½
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	635
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000		250
Oriental S & W. Co.	5,720		022	Rs. 12½	350
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.	743	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,060
Prince of Wales S.	2,188		122		10
Queen S. & W. Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	715
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld.	611	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	960
Sasson S.& W.Co., Ld.	1,500	1,000	1,000	25	1,50
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	50	500		650
Sholapore S.& W. Co.		10	1,00	Rs. 60	1,275
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 35	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 19	265
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld	4,000	500	500	...	270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	960
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	...	360
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	800	500	500		--
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	503
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton	200	1,250	Rs. 75		1,125
Albert Ginning Co.	100	500	500	Rs. 20	
Albert Press Co., Kurrachee	100	1,100	1,100	Rs. 100	700
Apollo Press Co. (small shares)	750	400	400	Rs. 20	200
ciliary	650	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	95
Breul's Cawnpore P.	0	20	200	Rs. 16	105
Bombay Cotton Press.	100	2	125	Rs. 20	130
Colaba Press Co.	0	1,880	1,880	Rs. 35	3650
East India Press Co.	0	1,000	1,000	Rs. 130	1,225
English Press & Mfg.	400	250	250	Rs. 30	190
Fort Press Co.	1,500	8,500	Rs. 0		1,325
French Press Co.	500	500	500	Rs. 30	505
Harvey & Sabapathy Khangaum Cotton Press Co	450	500	500	Rs. 25	445
Manmar Manig. Co.	240	450	All	Rs. 45	370 x
Mercantile Press Co.	1,400	250	250	Rs. 25	180
Motussil Co.	1,500	125	125	Rs. 0	5
Parsee Printing Co.	3,125	400	400	Rs. 50	427½
Borar Manufacturing Co., Ld.	2,750	200	200	Rs. 0	130
Central India S. & W. & Mfg. Co., Ld.	4,500	50	500	Rs. 55	980
City of Bombay Mfg. Ld	1,800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1260
Colaba Land & Mill Ld	4,000	700	700	Rs. 25	650
Connaught Mills Ld.	840	0	500	Rs. 1	630
Coorla S. & W. Ld.	1,300	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1400
David Mills Co., Ld.	1,600	5	Rs. 40	Rs. 25	480
Dhun Mills, Ld.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 20	90
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,445	00	1,00	Rs. 60	560
Framjee Petit S. and Mfg. Co., Ld.	250	1 00	1,00	Rs. 25	480
Gordon S. & M. Co.	700	150	15	Rs. 20	112½
Gujerat Ginning & Mfg. Co., Limited.		1,00	1,000	...	--
Gumrat S. & W. Co.	420	1,00	1,00	...	--
Hindustan S. & W. Mills Co., Ld.	1,200	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	730
Howard & Bullough Mills Co., Ld.	1,500	500	5 0	...	575
Hingunghat Mill Co.	700	575	500	Rs. 37	725 nom
Hyderabad Deccan S.	700	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	705
Indian Mfg. Co., Ld.	900	1,000	1,00	Rs. 30	950
Imperial Cotton Mills	1,300	500	5 0	Rs. 2	433
Jamshed Mfg. Co.	1,800	25	25	Rs. 1	245
James Greaves Mill after All S. & W. Co., Ld., Original Increased	1,450	5	25	Rs. 1	630
Jubilee Mfg. Co. Ld.	600	50	1,000		625
Jewraj Balloo S. & W.	1,100	1,00	1 0	Rs. 40	850
Khandesh S. & M.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	1070
Khatow Makanjee S.	1,000	1,00	1,00	Rs. 40	556
Lukhmidas Khimjee	1,000	00	1,00	Rs. 50	795
Leopold S. Bleaching Co.	5,000	0	1,00	Rs. 0	90
Madras United S.	500		1,000	Rs. 100	1,950
Mahalaxmi S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	490
Maharaja Mysore S.	4,500	100	100	Rs. 7	105
Mazagon S. & Mfg.	5,000	250	250	Rs. 5	105
Morarjee Goculdas S.	1,250	100	100	Rs. 50	1,360
Manockjee Petit Mfg.	4,050	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,122½
New Great Eastern	1,500	1,00	1,000	Rs. 25	635
National S. & W. Co	600	1,00	1,000		250
Oriental S & W. Co.	5,720		022	Rs. 12½	350
People of India S.	1,000	50	250	Rs.	60
Presidency Mills Co.	743	1,00	1,000	Rs. 50	1,060
Prince of Wales S.	2,188		122		10
Queen S. & W. Co.	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 80	715
Ripon Mfg. Co., Ld.	611	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	960
Sasson S.& W.Co., Ld.	1,500	1,00	1,000	25	1,50
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mill Co., Ld.	1,716	50	500		650
Sholapore S.& W. Co.		10	1,00	Rs. 60	1,275
Soonderdas S. & W.	650	1,00	1,000	Rs. 35	415
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co., Ld.	2,400	250	252	Rs. 19	265
Swadeshi Mills Co., Ld	4,000	500	500	...	270
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	960
Sun Mills Ld	1,300	250	250	...	360
Victoria Mfg. Co., Ld.	600	0	1,000	Rs. 25	375
Veeramgaum S.& Mfg	800	500	500		--
Venishunker Luxmishunker Cotton Mill Co., Ld.		500	..	Rs. 20	503
Western India S.	1	1,000		Rs. 25	445

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bombay Fire	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 100	825
Empire Fire	..	5,000	1,000	Rs. 75	800
Indian Fire	110	4,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,050
Prince of Wales	250	8,000	1,000	Rs. 100	1,709

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G I P. R. Gt 5 per ct	...	610	All	at 5 p.c	2,550
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent	...	& 18	...	at 5 p.c	420

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—FEBRUARY 6.

Jervis, Major, Bo, A. A. G Musketry, on duty, from Aurungabad.

FEBRUARY 7.

Hope, Col, Ms Cavalry, on privilege leave, from Ootacamund.

Priolean, Capt., Beng, Manchester Regt, on duty, from Meerut.

DEPARTURES.—FEBRUARY 7.

Spilsbury, Capt, Bo, R E, on leave, to England.

Hope, Col, Ms Cavalry, on privilege leave, to England.

Saunders, Surg, Major, Bo Med Staff, on leave, to Poona.

Martin, Major, Beng, 2nd Beng Cavalry, on leave, to England.

Miles, Col, Bo Staff Corps, on furlough, to England.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY,
Commanding Bo. Vol. R. Corps.
Bombay, 8th February, 1890.

1. The Battalion will parade at 4-45 this evening at the Town Hall. Red uniform, helmets, arms and accoutrements. Tram fares to and from parade will be paid on application to Company N. C. Officers detailed for that purpose. Ten rounds of blank ammunition per man will be issued on parade.

Cadets will be conveyed in special tram cars this evening as follows :—

Byculla School and Byculla Scottish School.—Two single cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

St. Mary's School,—Two double cars leave Victoria Gardens at 3-55 p.m.

2. The annual meeting of the Bombay Volunteer Rifle Association will be held at Coorla, on the 10th instant, and following days. Intending competitors are requested to get their tickets by application at Head-quarters before the meeting, if possible.

3. The signalling classes will attend as follows :—1st class, Monday afternoon at 5-30 o'clock, and Wednesday and Friday mornings at 7 o'clock ; 3rd class Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings at 7 o'clock.

4. From 10th to 20th instant, both days inclusive, there will be no morning drills.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

5. The Squadron will parade at the Kennedy Sea Face, near the Remount Stables at 6-45 this morning, and march to the General Parade Ground for drill with H. E. the Governor's Body Guard. Swords and bandoliers only to be worn.

By Order,
T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain,
Adjutant, B. V. R. C.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

BATTERY ORDERS
By Major G. W. Roughton, Commanding
Bombay Vol. Artillery.
Camp, Colaba, 8th February.

1. Detail—Orderly officer for the day, 2nd-Lieut. L Penny ; next for duty, Lieut. J. S. Slater ; Orderly Sergeant, Sergt. D. A. Pinder.

2. Parades—The Battery will parade at 6-30 a.m. at Camp Colaba Depot, for carbine and Company drill, and for 9-inch gun drill.

3. Inspections—The annual inspection of the Battery will take place this evening at 4-20. Members will parade at Camp punctually at 4-20. Dress—Uniform and helmets with ball, badge, and chin-chain. Arms and accoutrements with pouches to be worn. Members are reminded that they must be punctual in attending this parade, or obtain leave of absence in accordance with Battery Order No. 3 of the 5th instant.

4. It is notified for information that the Camp has been moved from the segregated camp to the camp at Colaba Depot.

5. The smoking concert will take place in one of the rooms of the Colaba Depot, instead of in the Mess tent, as heretofore stated.

By order,
A. LESLIE, Captain,
Actg. Adjutant, B. V. A.

CRAWFORD MARKET PRICE CURRENT.

	Maximum Rate. Rs. a. p.
DAILY PRICES—BEEF—	
Prime pieces, 1st sort, per lb	0 3 0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 2 6
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, per lb.	0 2 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per lb.	0 1 6
Beefsteak (under part), per lb	0 5 0
Do. (round), per lb	0 1 6
Meat for soup, per lb.	0 1 6
Shins, large, each	0 5 0
Do. small, each	0 4 0
Tongues, fresh, each	0 4 0
Do. salt, each	0 7 0
Suet, 1st sort, each	0 5 0
Do. 2nd sort, each	0 4 0
Liver, each	0 3 0
Heart, each	0 1 3
Kidneys, each	0 1 0
Marrow Bones, each	0 1 0
Briskets and Round, 1st sort, for salting, per lb	0 2 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, do.	0 1 6
Oxtail, each	0 3 0
Sirloin, per lb	0 3 0
Fore Ribs, each	0 3 0
Beef Salt, English per lb	0 10 0
MUTTON— 1st Sort.	2nd Sort.
Saddle, per lb	0 4 0 — 0 2 9
Leg, Loin, Shoulde., and Neck, per lb.	0 3 6 — 0 2 6
Liver and Heart, 1st sort, each	0 2 6 — 0 2 6
Do. do. 2nd sort, each	0 2 0 — 0 2 3
Breast, large, each	0 2 0 — 0 2 6
Do. small, each	0 2 0 — 0 2 0
Head, each	0 3 0 — ...
Kidneys, each	0 1 0 — 1 0 0
Suet, per lb	0 3 0 — 0 3 0
KID (SMALL)—	
Hind Quarter, 2nd sort	... 0 10 0
Fore " "	... 0 8 0
Head, Feet, Liver and Heart	... 0 6 0
PORK FRESH AND SALT—	
Pork Fresh, per lb	0 4 0
Pork Salt, country, per lb	0 4 0
Pigs (Roasted), each	3 8 0
Do. Head, per lb	0 2 0
Sausages, per lb	0 4 0
Bacon, per lb	0 4 0
Pigsfeet, Salt or Fresh, per set	0 6 0
Do. Lard, per lb	0 8 0
Do. Boiled Lard, per lb	1 0 0
Pork, Salt, English, per lb.	0 8 0
BREAD—	
Loaves, 1st sort, 13 oz., each	0 1 9
Do. 2nd sort, 13 oz., each	0 1 6
Do. brown, each	0 2 0
Flour, Wheat, per seer	0 1 3
Do. 1st sort, per seer	0 1 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 0 9
Bolong, 1st sort, per seer	0 1 3
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 0
Biscuits, Poona, per lb	0 4 0
Do. Bombay, per lb	0 2 0
Do. Poona, mixed, per lb	0 4 0
Flour, Rice, 1st sort, per seer	0 0 9
FIREWOOD—	
Coal, Europe, per ton	22 0 0
Charcoal, country, per maund	0 9 0
Babool, per candy	5 8 0
" per maund	0 3 0
Kurrachee Babool, per candy	5 0 0
" per maund	0 3 3
Aine, per candy	5 8 0
" per maund	0 3 3
Mixed, of different sorts, per candy	4 8 0
" " " per maund	0 2 9
Kurmell, per candy	5 0 0
" per maund	0 3 0
Khaire, per candy	8 8 0
" per maund	0 5 0
Hay, 100 lbs.	1 0 0
GHEE—	
Ghee, Surat, 1st sort, per seer	0 6 0
" Ghauteo, 1st sort, per seer	0 5 0
" Jaffrabad, per seer	0 6 0
Vinegar, table, country, per bottle	0 6 0
" common, country, per bottle	0 1 3
Mowra spirit, per bottle	0 14 0
MILK AND BUTTER—	
Cow's Milk, per seer measure	0 2 6
Buffalo's Milk, per seer measure	0 2 0
" Butter, per cup, 2 ozs.	0 1 0
Jagree " per maund	2 8 0
Butter, English, per tin	1 4 0
GRAIN—	
Wheat, 1st sort, per phurra	4 0 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	3 8 0
Do. 3rd sort, per phurra	2 12 0
Coolty (Horse Gram), per phurra	3 8 0
Mutt, Ghautee, per phurra	3 0 0
Bajree, Bhowruggur, per phurra	3 4 0
Rice, Jerasal, 1st sort	6 0 0
Do. 2nd sort, per phurra	5 4 0
Do. Common, per phurra	4 4 0
Do. Bengal, 1st sort, pr. phurra	5 0 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, pr. phurra	3 12 0
Paddy, or Rice in husk, 1st sort, per phurra	2 2 0
Do. do. 2nd sort, per phurra	1 8 0
Barley (new), per phurra	1 14 0
Do. (old) do.	1 10 0
Oats, per phurra	2 10 0
Jowaree or Cholum or Joanloo, per phurra	2 8 0
Linseed, per phurra	4 0 0
Maize, per phurra	2 0 0
Moong, per phurra	4 4 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	5 8 0
Mussoor, per phurra	3 4 0
Do. Dall, per phurra	3 4 0
Nachni or Raggy, per phurra	2 0 0
Peas, per phurra	3 4 0
Toor, per phurra	3 8 0
" Dall, 1st sort	4 12 0
" " 2nd sort	4 8 0
Wal Beans, of sorts, per phurra	3 4 0
Wurree or Veragoo, per phurra	3 0 0
Kong, per phurra	3 0 0
OIL—	
Cocoanut, 1st sort, per maund	3 12 0
" 2nd sort, per maund	3 10 0
Sweet Oil, 1st sort, per maund	4 2 0
" 2nd sort, per maund	3 11 0
Linseed Oil, country, per maund	4 0 0
Castor Oil, per maund	4 10 0
Kerosine Oil, common, per tin	2 0 0
SUGAR—	
Coffee, 1st sort, per seer	0 10 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 7 0
Sugarcandy, 1st sort, per seer	0 3 0
Do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 2 0
Sugar, soft, 1st sort, per seer	0 1 9
Do. do. 2nd sort, per seer	0 1 6
Do. do. brown, per seer	0 1 9
Do. Mauritius, per seer	0 1 9
Tea, Hill, per lb	0 14 0
Do. 1st sort, per lb	0 10 0
Do. 2nd sort, per lb	0 8 0
Sago, per seer	0 1 6
VEGETABLES—	
Onions, per seer	0 0 6
Carrots, per seer	0 0 3
Cellery, large, each	0 1 0
Lettuces, each	0 0 9
Beet, large, each	0 1 6
Beet, small	0 1 0
Radishes, white, per dozen	0 2 0
Tomatoes, per seer	0 0 9
French Beans, per seer	0 2 6
Knol Khol, per dozen	0 12 0
Brinjals, Nuggoor, per seer	0 0 6
Do. Bombay, per dozen	0 4 0
Pumpkins, large, each	0 10 0
Do. small, each	0 9 0
Cocoanuts, whole per 100	4 4 0
Do. shelled, per maund	3 0 0
Betelnut, per maund	5 0 0
Do. leaf, per 100	0 2 0
Sweet Potatoes, per seer	0 0 9
PICKLES, COUNTRY—	
Mango, per seer	0 1 0
Lime, per seer	0 1 3
Mixed, per seer	0 0 9
Papada, large, per seer	0 1 3
" small, per seer	0 1 3
Salt, 1st sort, per seer	0 0 11
Salt, 2nd sort	0 0 9
POULTRY—	
Geese, each	4 0 0
Turkey Cocks (very large), each	7 0 0
" Hens, each	3 0 0
Chickens, large, each	0 6 0

CALENDAR.—FEBRUARY 1890.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

Last Quarter ..... Feb. 12th, 11h. 42·6m, p.m.
New Moon ..... " 19th, 3h. 19·0m. p.m.
First Quarter ..... " 26th, 6h. 57·7m. p.m.

Days.	Engagements, &c.	Sun-rise.	Sun-set.	High Water.	Low Water.
		H. M.	H. M.	H. M.	H. M.
Sat. 8	Soiree, Cercle Litteraire	6 32	5 57	1 12m 1 18 a	7 11m 6 57 a
Sun. 9	Sexagesima Sunday.	6 32	5 57	1 39m 1 51 a	7 40m 7 30 a
Mon. 10	Yacht Club Regatta. B. V. R. Association Meeting opens, Goorla. Sassoon Mechanics' Institute, Dr. Steel's Lecture on "Science in Bombay," 5-5 p.m. English mail expected per s.s. Pekin.*	6 31	5 58	2 8m 2 21a	8 15m 8 3 a
Tu. 11	Conversazione, Bombay Art Society, Secretariat.	6 31	5 58	2 41m 3 26 a	8 58m 8 54 a
Wed. 12	Annual Exhibition, Mumbay Art Society Secretariat. Municipal Standing Committee, 3 p.m. Annual Concert Bombay Scottish Orphanage Town Hall, 9 p.m.	6 30	5 59	3 20m 4 30 a	9 52m 9 54 a
Thr. 13	Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.	6 30	5 59	4 8m 5 52 a	10 56m 11 24 a
Fri. 14	Bombay Volunteer Artillery Ball, Town Hall. Departure of the English Mail per s.s. Assam.	6 29	6 0	5 12m 7 33 a	0 20 a

* Left Aden on Tuesday at 11 p.m.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Wilson College Literary Society, 5 p.m.
Soiree, Cercle Litteraire.
Switchback Railway.
Music at the Victoria Gardens, 5-45 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p.m.
Chatre's Grand Circus.
Sale of Work, Byculla Boys' School.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday :—Pemba (s), from Persian Gulf ; and Hindu (s), Cutch Mandvi.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Oriental (s), for London, &c. ; Culna (s), Coast and Calcutta ; and Clan Munroe (s), Dunkirk.

PRINCE'S DOCK.—The s. s. Labourdonnais entered and the s.s. Clan Munroe left the dock on Thursday ; and the s. s. Indramayo entered it yesterday.

VICTORIA DOCK.—The s. s. Landoura entered on Thursday, and the s. s. Oriental left it yesterday.

B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 18th January, 1890, was 161,289 maunds, and in money, Rs 34,485.

BURGLARY AT KALBADEVIE ROAD.—The embroidery shop of Dyaram Itcharam, on the Kalbadevie Road, was broken into on Wednesday night, and property to the value of Rs. 445 stolen therefrom.

WILSON COLLEGE LITERARY SOCIETY.—A meeting of the society will be held to-day at 5 p.m., in the College Hall, when Mr. Nagindas P. Mehta will introduce the subject "Our life after the College career."

A DISHONEST CART DRIVER.—Hormusjee Sorabjee, residing at Oomorcarry, reports that a labour-cart, laden with five bags of rice and wheat, valued at Rs. 33-8, had never reached its destination, the driver having absconded.

BURGLARY AT CAMATEEPOORA.—A tea-shop, occupied by Haji Yamen, in Cursetjee Sookiajee Street, Cammateepoora, was broken into on Wednesday night, and property, consisting of currency notes, cash, and gold and silver ornaments, of the collective value of Rs. 660, stolen therefrom.

LADY REAY'S FANCY FAIR.—The proprietor of the entertainment, known as metempsychosis has offered to contribute the whole of the proceeds of this evening's performance to Lady Reay's Fancy Fair. The entertainment takes place in a small pavilion on the Esplanade between the Skating Rink and the Indo-British Institution between 5 p.m. and 11 p.m., and is well worth a visit.

MESSRS. MARCKS AND CO.'S CALENDAR.—We are in receipt of Messrs. Marcks and Company, Limited, calendar for 1890. The get up of which is very pretty. Besides a complete advertisement it has a good portrait of his Royal Highness Prince Victor, who is now going through a tour in India, and those who would care to have a memento of him would, if not for the advertisements, obtain a copy for the picture's sake.

SCALDED TO DEATH.—An inquest was held by the coroner yesterday at Memorwada Street, respecting the death of Haroo Feakia, a milkman, aged 40 years. On the 27th ultimo he accidentally knocked up against a pan of milk, which was being heated on a fire. He was scalded severely with the boiling milk on several parts of his body, and died yesterday morning. A verdict of accidental death by scalds was recorded.

THEFT.—Golam Hussain Aban was yesterday placed before Mr. Richardson, charged with theft from one Tukoram Biku on the 6th of February. Inspector Dillon was in charge of the case. The accused had picked the complainant's pocket, abstracting his money, as he was standing at the corner of a street in Mombadevice. He was convicted, and being an old offender was sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment.

MUSIC AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—The band of the G. I. P. Railway Volunteers will play the following programme of music at the Victoria Gardens this evening at 5-45 p.m. :—

March	Comet.
Gavotte	Entrancing — Boggetti.
Valse	Daddy — Bucalossi.
Selection	Dorothy — Winterbottom.
Valse	Fairy Voices — Grove.
Galop	Carillon — Leutner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

BITING OFF HIS WIFE'S NOSE.—Inspector Saunders yesterday placed a man named Nassir Ahmed, before Mr. Richardson, at the Esplanade Police Court, on a charge of brutally treating his wife. It seemed he had quarrelled with her, and that she had gone to live with her uncle. On his going to bring her back she refused to go with him, and after much altercation became violent, and bit off the complainant's nose. When searched by Mr. Saunders the nose was found wrapped in paper, in his waistcoat pocket. A remand was granted for a fortnight as the woman was in hospital, and unable to appear as a witness.

ALLEGED FORGERY.—Yesterday at the Girgaum Police Court a Mahomedan, named Hassum Jan Mahomed, who was arrested on Thursday night in a house at Cammateepoora by Inspector Morar Rao, of the Detective Police, under a warrant issued by Mr. P. Ryan, the Second Presidency Magistrate, on a charge of fraudulently using as genuine a forged document,

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY.
No 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION OF AUSTRALIAN HORSES IMPORTED BY C. G. BALDOCK FROM AUSTRALIA.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, 8th Feb., 1890, at 3-30 p.m., at Colaba, opposite the Tramway stables. 25 horses will be sold at Auction to the highest bidder on the above date. A rare chance to secure first class horses at a cheap rate.

PARTICULARS OF THE HORSES TO BE SOLD.

Lot 1—Bay mare, 3 BX nr shr, 6 years, 15-1, broken to saddle and double harness.
Lot 2—Brown mare, 3 HR nr shr, 4 years, 15 hds, broken to saddle and double harness.
Lot 3—Ches geld, 3 D nr shr, 5 years, 15-1, thorough bred good horse for shooting.
Lot 4—Bay mare, 3D F nr shr, 5 years, 15-3, would make a good carriage mare.
Lot 5—Ches geld, 3 HR nr shr, 5 years, 16-3, broken to saddle and carriage horse.
Lot 6—Bay mare, 3 BX nr shr, 5 years, 15-2, broken to saddle, very fast.
Lot 7—Bay gelding, 3 BX nr shr, 4 years, 15-2, will make a good carriage horse.
Lot 8—Bay geld, 3 C nr shr, 5 years, 15-2, broken to saddle and will make good carriage horse.
Lot 9—Grey mare, 3 nr shr, 5 years, 15 hds, will make a first-class brougham horse.
Lot 10—Bay mare, BX nr shr, 4 years, 14-3, good dog-cart mare.
Lot 11—Bay gold, AS nr shr, 4 years, 15-1, good for saddle and harness.
Lot 12—Brown mare, BX nr shr, 4 years, 14-3, will make a good hack.
Lot 13—Ches mare, IM B nr shr, 5 years, 15 hds, very showy make good brougham mare.
Lot 14—Black mare, IMC nr shr, 6 years, 14-3, stylish and good mover.
Lot 15—Grey geld, JL nr shr, 5 years, 15-1, quiet in saddle and a good hack.
Lot 16—Brown geld, WL nr shr, 5 years, 15 hds, broken to saddle make good brougham horse.
Lot 17—Bay geld, HC nr shr, 5 years, 15-3, broken to saddle.
Lot 18—Brown geld, IC off F nr shr F nr sad, 5 years, 15-1, wool bred mare very fast.
Lot 19—Black geld, B nr shr, 4 years, 15 hds, will make a good trapper.
Lot 20—Ches geld, 3 C nr shr, 4 years, 15-3, will make a good brougham horse.
Lot 21—Ches geld, BX nr shr, 5 years, 15-2, will make a good dog-cart horse.
Lot 23—Ches geld, G 2 nr shr, 6 years, 15 hds, a fine horse for a dog cart.
Lot 23—Grey geld, X nr shr, 4 years, 15 hds, very showy and will make first class hack.
Lot 24—Ches gold, TN nr shr, 4 years, 15 hds, beautiful mover and splendid horse for carriage.
Lot 25—Ches geld, V 47 nr shr, 3 years, 15 hds, will make a good harness horse.

Purchasers will see the horses ridden and driven at the time of sale.
The horses are on view.

BENNETT & CO.

Bombay, February 8th, 1890.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW, OUT-HOUSES, COOK-ROOM, STABLES AT PARLI HILL, BANDORA.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 9th day of February, 1890, at 4 o'clock p.m., Mr. BOMANJEE DOSSABHOY Auctioneer, will by the order of H. O. Campbell, Esquire, put up for sale by Public Auction, on the premises, the property hereunder described.

All that piece or parcel of freehold land or ground containing by admeasurement 3,360 square yards or thereabouts, situate on Parli Hill, near Bandora, in the Island of Salsette, in survey No. 201, subdistrict Salsette and district Thana, and bounded on or towards the north by a new and private road lately made by the Bombay Land and Building Company, Limited, on or towards the east by a road along the top of Parli Hill, on or towards the south by land of the late Merwanjee Manockjee Sethna, and on or towards the west by land belonging to the said Bombay Land and Building Company, Limited.

Together with a newly built bungalow on the said ground charmingly situated with an excellent view, and entirely open to the sea-breeze, and containing dining-room, drawing room, morning room, two bed rooms with dress-rooms, and bath rooms attached, and a large godown, a large garden and well of good water, and also roomy cooch-house, stabling for 3 horses, cook-room and ample servants quarters.

Together with all right, easements and appurtenances belonging thereto.

The bungalow is now in the occupation of C. H. B. Forbes. Enquire, under a lease for one year from the 1st January, 1890, at a monthly rent of Rs. 110.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the undersigned, or to Messrs. Payne, Gilbert and Sayani, 20, National Bank Buildings.

The Bungalow and the premises can be seen daily between the hours of 3 and 6 p.m.

BOMANJI DOSSABHOY,
Bombay, February 8, 1890. Auctioneer.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT VITHALWADY.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 8th inst, at 4 p.m. Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. will sell by Public Auction, on the premises by order of Mr. Cursondas Vulubhdas and Devkaran, the executor and executrix of the late Mr. Dwarkadas Vasanji, the assignees of the right title, and interest of Mr. Ranchhunder Hemraj in a certain indenture of mortgage and two indentures of further charges, dated respectively the 7th day of October, 1882, the 2nd day of April, 1884, and the 6th day of June, 1889, the first two having been executed by Hunaraj Carson, now deceased and the last by his only son, Nurotam Hunaraj, by virtue of the power conferred by the said indentures of mortgage and deed of further charges, and on account and risk of Nurotam Hunaraj.

[illegible] secondary land or ground.
[illegible]er dwelling-house standing
[illegible]ng in Vithalwady, on the
[illegible]stricts of Bombay, formerly
[illegible] Assessment under No.
[illegible] now ward No. 1630, and
[illegible]staining by admeasurement
[illegible] one-third square yards,
[illegible] and bounded on the east
[illegible]passing, the west by the
[illegible]esabhoy Jeewanjee, and
[illegible]n, on the north by a public
[illegible]e said Vithalwady Street,
[illegible]were and now are in the
[illegible]n Hunaraj and his tenants

[illegible] conditions of sale apply to

[illegible]ED PROPERTY (FUR-
[illegible]ROAD, BYCULLA
[illegible]URT.

O, O. C. JURISDICTION,
SUIT No. 658 of 1889.

Beg Mahomed Hajee Abd Rahimon .....Plaintiff.
vs.
C. A. Turner and Hajee Aboo Ahmed.....Defendants

Pursuant to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 20th January 1890 the undermentioned immoveable property including the furnitures therein will be sold on the premises by Public Auction by Messrs MEHRJEE JOHNSTON & Co. Auctioneers, by the directions of Charles Agnew Turner, Esq, the Receiver appointed in this Suit, on Wednesday, the 12th February 1890, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Clare Road Byculla, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 9,979 Square yards, and assessed by the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 25 New No. 1634, old survey No. 676, New Survey No. 3585, and bounded on or towards the East by the Sookhia Baug, on or towards the West and South by the property called or known as the Huntly Lodge and on or towards the South by the Clare Road together with the dwelling house messuage and premises and bounded on the south by Sleater Road, on or towards the West and North by vacant ground leased to the said Mancokjee Eduljee Contractor, and on or towards the East by ground reserved for a passage 0·25 feet in width. Together with the very substantial and costly buildings erected and in course of erection thereon, and still unfinished but already roofed in, consisting of 4 several blocks or compartments, each comprising a ground floor and two upper stories.

The premises are held along with others under an underlease for the residue of a term of 99 years commencing from 6th October 1838. The ground rent payable in respect of the premises to be sold amounts to Rs. 49·7 per annum.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Burder Buckland and Bayley Solicitors to the Mortgagee, or to the undersigned.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, February 8, 1890.

LAYS OF THE LAW—Being a Selection [illegible] LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH [illegible] REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner [illegible] great poets; by W. H. Price [illegible] Rs. 1.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!!

JUST arrived at Bombay, a SHIPMENT of 200 HORSES, selected by the well-known importer, C. G. Baldock, consisting of Upstanding Carriage Pairs, from 15 hands to 15 hands 3 in. high, weight carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also a choice selection of Dog-Cart and Brougham Horses. To be inspected, opposite the Tramway Stables, Colaba.

NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.
DENTAL SURGEON.
HAS REMOVED
from Medows Street to
ESPLANADE ROAD.
(next to National Bank of India)
and Malabar Hill Road.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST.
NO. 3, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

FOR SALE,
BEST WHITNEY BLANKETS,
GUARANTEED PURE WOOL,
In White or Scarlet, and in various sizes.

JOHN ROBERTS AND CO., Ld.,
GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS
AND BILLIARD-TABLE MAKERS.

"THEY HAVE NO EQUAL"
Is the universal opinion of everybody who has tried,
DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, for bilious and liver complaints, indigestion, wind, spasms, foul breath, nervous depression, irritability, lassitude, loss of appetite, dyspepsia, heartburn, giddiness, dizziness of the eyes, &c., being as mild and tonic in their action as they are certain in their curative effects. Prepared by W. LAMBERT, London, England, in bottles ONLY, 1s. 1½d. The genuine are in green packages, with "WILLIAM LAMBERT on the Government Stamp. Insist on having those and none other.
* AGENTS WANTED.

PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES,
CAREFULLY ADAPTED TO CORRECT
ALL DEFECTS OF VISION.
SPECTACLES vs. BLINDNESS.
THE symptoms indicating failure or irregularities of sight are frequently too long disregarded, and either from Ignorance or feeling of difference the aid demanded by nature is withheld until serious mischief has been caused to the sight often resulting in blindness.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO,
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS,
OPTICIANS TO THE
PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS
IN INDIA.
OFFICES: 41, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.
3 and 4, Hare Street, Calcutta,
20 and 21, Mount Road, Madras,
And 20, Tyndale Place, London, N.

WRIST WATCHES.
Complete with Black or Brown Leather Straps.
Oxydized Steel .....from Rs. 25
Silver ..... „ Rs. 35
Oxydized Silver..... „ Rs. 40
14ct. Gold ..... „ Rs, 55
18ct. Gold ..... „ Rs. 59
Solid Gold wristlets in flexible chain, and other designs from Rs. 92 and upwards. They can be adjusted to take any Lady's Watch.
Performance and Durability Guaranteed.

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TRADE "SANITAS" MARK
DISINFECTANTS
(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),
NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST
Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals
Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1885, Antwerp 1886.
PAMPHLET FOR USE IN INDIA ON APPLICATO
"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times*
"Safe, pleasant and useful."—*Lancet*.
Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.
THE "SANITAS" COMPANY, Limited,
CONTRACTORS TO H. M.'s ADMIRALTY
Letchford's Buildings, Bethnal Green, London.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and IGUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.
These HOTELS are speedily situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.—Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Egutpuri.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,
Being a reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
HE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" COOPER, MADON and Co.,
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL
ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA
IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS
UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.
A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with a good western and all round view and within an easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.
Apply to the
MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an Alphabetical Index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stands, &c.
Complete and easy reference.
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE OF YARN.

THIS DAY SATURDAY, the 8th inst. at 3 p.m., Messrs MENESSE and Co, will sell by Public Auction at the offices of the Hindoostan Spinning and Weaving Mills Company, Limited, at No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, by the Company's order, and on account and at the risk of Eduljee Cowasjee Dalal :—
93 bales No. 23 yarn Railway Ticket, 400 lbs. each of the Hindoostan Spinning and Weaving Mills Company, Limited.

MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, February 8, 1890.

MESSRS. SHERIFF, SON & COMPANY, APOLLO STREET.

Messrs. SHERIFF, SON & Co. will sell by Auction at their rooms, THIS DAY, at 2 p.m., a collection of handsome household furniture, comprising centre and pier tables, teapoys, whatnot, book shelves, almirahs, and other household requisites. Clubs' Iron Safes, and a consignment of hand bags, &c., &c., etc :—

BONA FIDE AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. SHERIFF, SON and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Clare Road, Byculla, next door to Messrs. Hamilton and Co. the undertakers, the handsome household furniture and appropriate fittings, comprising all the requisites of a comfortable furnished residence, the property of Mr. BELL, changing residence.
The property is on view.

SHERIFF, SON & Co.
Bombay, February 8, 1890.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Coasting steamship Hindoo, 25 tons, Captain G. J. Baker arrived in harbour yesterday from Cutch-Mandvi, with a general cargo, and 331 deck passengers.

THE Italian Steamer Bormida, 1,499 tons, Captain E. DeNegri will sail to-day for Hongkong via Singapore, with a general cargo, and 16 deck passengers.

THE steamship Suez, 1,336 tons, Capt, A Mood, arrived in harbour on Thursday evening from Middlesbrough, 11th Jan. via Port said, with a cargo of Iron., The vessel is consigned to Messrs Boyts Craig and Co.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Culna 1,468 tons, Captain J Stewart, sailed yesterday for coast ports and Calcutta with a general cargo, Rov and Mrs A M Canneya, one Lady and child as cabin passengers and 11 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamship Pemba, Captain R W Gimblett, arrived in harbour, yesterday from the Persian Gulf *via* Karachee, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Honble George Curzon, Mr. H W Blundell, Mr Fadhin, Khalut, Nawab Bahram il Bawla Bahadur, Bahadur Mirza, and three friends, Mr Beshanaanath, Mrs Carmelina DeSoaza Coutinho, one Mahomedan gentleman, and 97 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—FEBRUARY 7.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Clio	1779	Rea	A	Finlay Muir & Co.
„ City of Edinburgh	2102	Barham	D	Sir C Forbes & Co.
„ Friary	1505	Evans	F	W. & A Graham.
„ LaBourdonnais	1274	Sibilot	O	M Maritimes & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Oriental ...	2711	Stewart	1	P & O Co.
„ Arabia	2014	Laird	2	W & A Graham.
„ Bormida.....	1499	DeNegri	4	F Bonzoni
„ Medusa	1775	Mitchel	8	A-H Lloyd's & Co.
„ Landaura ...	2148	Clark	10	B I S N Co.
„ Almira n t e				
„ Barrovo (man. of-war.)		D'Mello	15	N. Jamsetji.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	From
7	Pemba s	Gimblett	Persian Gulf.
	Hindoo s	Baker	Cutch Mandvi.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
7	Oriental (s)	Stewart	London, &c.
	Culna (s).....	Stewart	Coast and Calcutta.
	Clan Macro (s) ...	Wilson.....	Dunkirk.

The steamer Bormida, Captain DeNegri cleared, yesterday for Hongkong.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—
Ship Walden Abbey for Calcutta.
Steamer Siam, for Aden, &c.
„ Active for Barcelona.
„ Hindoo, for Cutch Mandvi, &c.

MADRAS.
ARRIVALS.
Feb.
5 Scindia s ..... Rangoon.
Camoria s ..... Singapore.
DEPARTURES.
Feb.
4 Himalaya s ..... Calcutta.
Clan Macintosh s. ..... Calcutta.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.*

FOR LIVERPOOL.
2102 City of Edinburgh (s), Barham.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND GENOA.
2932 Indramayo (s), Leslie.

FOR MARSEILLES.
2315 Arabia (s), Laird.

FOR DUNKIRK.
1506 Friary (s), Evans.

FOR TWO MEDITERRANEAN PORTS.
389 Activa (s), Wolff.

FOR HULL.
1773 Clio (s), Rea.

FOR HAMBURG.
1772 Rheinfels (s).

FOR CHINA.
1697 Bokhara (s), Case.
1474 Bormida (s), DeNegri.
1602 Gwalior (s), Nantes.
1419 Khiva (s), Crowe.
1694 Malwa (s), Browne.
1775 Medusa (s), Mottei.
2168 Mirzapore (s) Harvey.
1615 Nizam (s).
1677 Surat (s), DeHorne.
1551 Venetia (s), Haselwood.

FOR RICE PORTS.
1493 Elba (s), Warrick.

FOR ADEN.
1271 LaBourdonnais (s), Sibilot.

FOR KARACHI.
1612 Joseph Arbib (s), Hill.

FOR CALCUTTA.
2041 Nawab (s) Carson.
1751 Walden Abbey, Williams.

UNFIXED SHIPS.
571 Burapan, Saxtorp.
976 Sorintag, Huskoli.

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.
H. M. S. Euphrates, Pattison.
H. M. S. Griffon, Blaxland.
L. M. S. Lawrence, Aves.
H. M. S. Mariner Arthunhot.
A. (Torpedo Boat), Perceval.
B. (Torpedo Boat), Page.
C. (Torpedo Boat), Butler.
E. (Torpedo Boat), Johnson.
F. (Torpedo Boat), Reeves.
* Coasting Steamers and Country Ships not included.

DAILY IMPORTS.—FEBRUARY 7.

FOR LIVERPOOL.
Sheik s—250 boxes bar soap, S Rahimbhoy.
City of Edinburgh s—88 cases sulphuric acid, Nuthoo Moolji.
Arabia s—32 cases slates, A Thovurbhoy.

FROM GLASGOW.
Clan Monroe s—7 cases confectionery, E M Abdyally.
Arabia s—116 cases whisky, Sorabjee.

FOR LONDON.
Atrato s—1 package rectified spirit, B Cullianji.
Huzara s—4 cases soap, A Sumsoodin, 50 casks red lead D Pragjee; 300 kegs paints, E E Kurwa; 200 boxes candles, N Hussonally; 44 cases glassware, J Somji; 100 boxes candles D Khanbhoy; 25 cases malt vinegar D Barjorjee; 27 packages, varnish, F Tyabjee and Co; 16 bales paper, A Abdulrahim and Co; 4 cases silvered plate glass, J Adamjee, 5 cases violet powder, S Heptoola, 125 kegs paint, E Esalji.

FROM ANTWERP.
Huzara s—405 boxes candles, Byramjee Shapoorjee; 79 packages glassware &c, G Poonjee.

FROM HAMBURG.
Huzara s—1 hogshead rectified spirit, M Russee and Co.

FROM TRIESTE.
Imperator s—2 cases musical instruments, A Blaschcek and Co; 46 packages paper, A Abdulrahim and Co; 56 bales paper, K Lookmanji; 3 cases paper, H Dorabjee; 29 cases soap, &c, A Abdoolrahim,

FROM MARSEILLES.
Labourdonnais s—4 cases saffron, Volkart Brothers.

FROM CHARANTE.
Thames s—1 hogshead cognac, Cutler, Palmer and Co

DAILY EXPORTS.—FEBRUARY 7.

FROM LIVERPOOL.
Indramayo s—509 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 146 bales cotton E D Sassoon and Co; 500 bales cotton Lyon and Co; 100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 72 bales wool, Framjee Sands and Co; 900 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 637½ cwts myrabollans, David Sassoon and Co; 155 cwts dry ginger, B Gouldass; 184 cwts Indian condiments, M Poonjiajee and Sons, 1,200 bales cotton Gaddum Bythell and Co.
City of Edinburgh s—33 bales cotton, Madanjee Canjee; 300 bales cotton, A Sabapathy Moodeliar and and Co; 370 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 13 bales wool, Motee Jaitha; 67 bales wool, Gunsee Kessowjee; 68 bales wool, Gunsee Kessowjee; 60 bales wool, S Gopalljee; 55 bales wool, Nanjee Bhanjee; 130 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co 2 bales wool, Mooleo Jaitha; 1½ cwts myrobollams, Sir Charles Forbes and Co; 200 bales cotton Lyon and Co.

FOR LONDON.
Oriental s—249 bales cotton, A Sabapathy Moodeliar and Co.

FOR HAVRE.
Labourdonnais s—600 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co.

FOR HULL.
Clio s—8,000 cwts wheat, John L Kersten; 6,000 cwts wheat, Tod Durand and Co; 1,064 cwts myrabollams, Essa; 976½ cwts myrabollams, David Sassoon and Co; 1,000 cwts myrabollams, Veerji Hansraj; 468½ cwts myrabollams, Ruttunsee Poonjee; 2,001 cwts myrabollams, Boyts Craig and Co; 1,999½ cwts myrabollams, S Ramjee; 1,174½ cwts myrabollams, Jaitha Veeram; 11,200 cwts wheat, E D Sassoon and Co; 6,000 cwts w David Sassoon and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.
Friary s—750 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.
Arabia s—2,001 cwts groundnuts, A Blascheck and Co; 4,000 cwts groundnuts, Ball Bevan and Co; 1,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR GENOA.
Indramayo s—500 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 1,250 bales cotton, Glade and Co; 200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

FOR HONGKONG.
Bormida s—103 cwts kudoo, M M Essabhoy; 50 cwts sharkfins &c, L Chattoo.

FOR KOBE.
Medusa s—40 bales twist, M Hurruckchand.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.
BOMBAY, 8th February 1890.
Means of observations of 8 a.m. and 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected for 32 deg., Fah.	29·288
Temperature of the Air	76·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer	66·9
Dew Point	51·7
Relative humidity of Air	46
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =10).	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a. m. next day)	83·5
Maximum do. do (read at 8 a.m.)	69·8
General Directions of Wind.	NNW, N, NW, NNW, N.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	353

* From midnight to midnight.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

FRIDAY EVENING, FEB. 7.

THERE was no further change in the price of Bar Silver in London yesterday, 44 5-16 per oz. being quoted both by Reuter and private telegrams; Rupee Securities were also unchanged at Wednesday's quotations of £69¾ for Fours and £71⅛ for 4½ per cents. Consols were unaltered at 97⅛; and Indian Sterling Loan at 103½. The Indian Council placed 6½ lakhs of Wire Transfers on Calcutta and a lakh on Madras at 1s. 5¼d. The Exchange Bank's buying rate on India at 30 days' sight remained at Is. 4¼d. In Paris, Rentes were unchanged at 87¾; Exchange on London was still at Wednesday's enhanced rate of fes. 25·28½.

The weekly returns of the Bank of England show an increase of one per cent. in the Bank's Reserve, at 44 per cent. of the Liabilities. The Bank rate remained at 6 per cent., and quotations for discount in the open market come unchanged at 4½ per cent. for short London Bills, and 3¾ for 6 months' sight Indian Bank Paper. The weekly shipments of Specie to Bombay consisted of £900,000 in Silver and £20,000 in Gold.

The Wheat and Seed Markets are presumably without change, no further news regarding them being wired by Reuter.

Cotton in Liverpool closed quiet after a small day's business, the total Sales having aggregated only 7,000 bales, including 600 Surats. Spot Mid: American was unchanged in value at 6d. per lb., and in Arrivals there was no alteration, 5 57-64d. being still quoted for the nearest deliveries, to 6d. for the most distant. Surats also are quoted as before, all round. The day's Imports were 7,000 bales. The Manchester market was quiet but steady.

In New York, the spot price remained at 11 cents; but May Futures were 5 points higher, at 11·10 cents. The Receipts at the U. S. Ports were 19,000 bales; and the total figures from the commencement of the season give the following comparison with those of the preceding two years for the same period.

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Thursday's Receipts.....	19,000	20,000	13,000
Five days' do.	19,000	100,000	84,000
Since 1st Sept. 1889	5,027,000	4,546,000	4,669,000

The firm feeling which was noticeable in our local market yesterday, had quite disappeared to-day, the tone having become quiet again, though without quotable change in rates. A small business for the time of year, aggregating under 2,000 bales, has been reported, consisting of Indore Ginned at Rs. 221; Akola, at Rs. 213; and Oojein, at Rs. 208, in about equal proportions; and some Khangaum, at Rs. 218½ per candy. For arrival contracts there has been no enquiry.

WHEAT AND SEEDS.—These markets have been closed to-day owing to the death of a leading dealer.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton.....	8,610 bales.
Wheat	6,915 cwts.
Linseed	3,308 „
Rapeseed	803 „
Gingelly	2,813 „
Ground Nuts.....	4,731 „
Castor Seed.....	711 „

FREIGHTS keep firm; a steamer for March loading is reported to have been fixed for Hamburg at 25s. per ton; and another for this month's loading, for Antwerp, at 27s. 6d. per ton.

EXCHANGE has been quiet, and few Merchant's Bills have come out at the advance. Is. 5 15-16d. is reported to have been done for ready three months' sight Credits with difficulty; but forward rates appear to be too high again to suit the trade. Some Bank demand was sold for all February delivery, at 1s. 5¼d., and some Telegraphic at Is. 5 3-16d. for February transfer, the latter having been offered for 1st to 15th March at 1s. 5d. We quote at closing :—

Bank Bills on demand	Is. 5¼d.	per rupee.
Do. Telegraphic.....	Is. 5 3-16d to 7-32d.	„
Do. 3 months' sight.....	Is. 5 11-32d.	„
Credits do.	Is. 5½	„
Francs do.	1·84	„

GOVERNMENT PAPER opened at an advance of ¼ per cent. on last evening's final quotation for Fours for cash, and remained thereat during the greater part of the day, with the March account quoted at 98 7-16; but rates hardened towards the close, and an advance of ¼ was established in the cash price, which closed at 98⅜. The other denomination is still quoted nominally at par.

SHARES have been neglected and prices generally are unaltered at our last quotations for all scrip. We note an advance, however, of Rs. 10 in New Great Eastern Cotton Mill shares at Rs. 635; and a decline to the same extent in David at Rs. 480. Mofussil Press shares are Rs. 2½ higher, at Rs. 427½ Bombay-Burma trading are Rs. 25 lower in the first issue, and Rs. 5 down in the third, at Rs. 3,075 and Rs. 770, respectively. Bank of Bombay shares are quoted at Rs. 940 per share.

DIVINE SERVICES.

SEXAGESIMA SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 9.
ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion, Choral. Agutter in G.—Hymns 7, 318 and 107.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Revd. J. H. Lord.—Hymns 200 and 193.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis.—Simper in F.
Anthem—O taste and see how gracious the Lord is.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m., and Evensong at 5 p.m.
Thursday—Celebration at 7-15 a.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.
7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Choral, Matins and Sermon (Parade Service).—Hymns 189, 34 and 168.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.—Hymns 126, 129 and 5. Offertory for "Children's Gift."
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong and Sermon. Hymns 199, 38 and 259.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION, ESPLANADE (FOR HOLY TRINITY CHURCH).
7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 6, 190 and 323.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 279, 213, and 303.
Offertories for church expenses and poor relief.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.
Colaba.
11 a.m. and 6 p.m.—Rev. Geo. Muller.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Byculla, Victoria Gardens.
9 a.m.—Mr. Christie.
6 p.m.—Revd. B. Modi.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
Cordial invitation to all.

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 292 and 270.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 530, 344 and 518.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 229, 38 and 23.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. PETER'S, MAZAGON.
6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—(Choral) Holy Communion and Sermon by Rev. Fr. Biscoe.
10 a.m.—(Choral) Children's Service and Matins by Rev. Fr. Gardner.
6 p.m.—(Choral) Evensong and Sermon by Rev. F. Gardner.
Daily 6-30 and 7 a.m. and (Choral) 8 p.m.
Bible class on Wednesday 6 p.m.
Alms for the poor.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Fort—(Rooms of Y. M. C. A.)
11 a.m.—Rev. Bishop Thoburn.
6 p.m.—Rev. T. H. Row.
Grant Road Church.
8-30 a.m.—Rev. J. H. Schively.
6 p.m.—Rev. Bishop Thoburn.

ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH, BANDORA.
10-45 a.m.—Matins, Sermon and Holy Communion.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.
9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hymns 23, 48, 247 and 210.

ST. NICHOLAS' CHURCH.
(Opposite the Main Entrance to Prince's Dock.)
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion with Sermon.
6-30 p.m.—Evening Prayer with Sermon.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.
Service will be held on board the s. s. City of Edinburgh on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. Captains, Officers, Engineers, Seamen and others are cordially invited. The Bethel Flag will be hoisted. Come and bring your friends.

Service will be held at Bandora to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 6 p.m. at Bandora House.
All are cordially invited to attend.
Sabbath School at 7-30 a.m.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

EVANS—Jan 26, at Madras, the wife of James Thomas Evans, of Ghadechi, Katty war, of a daughter.
HADDEN—Jan 25, at Coconada, the wife of WJ Hadden, Assistant Surgeon, Ag Civil Surgeon, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BERRY—WILLIAMS—Feb 4, at St George's Cathedral Madras, by the Venerable Archdeacon J F Browne, B D, assisted by the Rev Alexander J Jones, M A, John Henry Berry, of Madras, to Eva Maria Williams, daughter of the late K Vaughan Williams, B A, Oxon, of Bath, Somersetshire, England.

DEATHS.

BARCLAY—Jan 18, at her daughter's residence, Ennore near Madras, Mrs M G Barclay, the beloved wife of Gilbert Barclay, of Ootacamund, aged 53 years.
GHILARDI—Feb 4, at Calcutta, Margherita, the dearly beloved infant daughter of Signor and Signora Ghilardi, aged six months.

The Bombay Gazette

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1890.

THE public meeting convened in the Town Hall by the Sheriff yesterday afternoon to arrange for the reception of Prince Albert Victor, was large and representative, Europeans, Hindus, Mussulmans, and Parsis nearly filling the vast building. Unhappily indisposition prevented H. E. the Governor from presiding. Sir Raymond West, who was himself also suffering from the prevailing east wind which has improvised a very good imitation of the influenza in Bombay during the last day or two, took the chair, on the motion of Sir Frank Adam. The Honourable Mr. Justice Bayley moved a resolution that a public reception should be accorded the Prince, and prophesied that the proceedings would not be marred in Bombay by such an unmannerly intrusion of school boys as that which interfered with a similar movement in Calcutta. This resolution was carried with great cordiality, Dr. Blaney, Mr. P. M. Mehta, and Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee supporting it in brief speeches. Mr. Mehta elicited loud applause by the declaration that whatever differences there might be on political or other controversial subjects, they were all united in feelings of affection and loyalty to the person of the Queen-Empress. This sentiment was cheered to the echo, and Sir Raymond West subsequently referred to the warmth of the response, and dwelt on the happy effect on both Indian and the English peoples of those Royal visits which bring home to populations so distant that they are linked together by a feeling of personal devotion to the Sovereign and her Family. The name of the Duke of Connaught was placed first on the list of the Committee appointed by the meeting, on the motion of Mr. Grattan Geary and Mr. R. M. Sayani, to decide on the nature and form of the reception. His Royal Highness' name was the signal for renewed cheering

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

REPORTED DEPARTURE OF SIR DRUMMOND WOLFF FROM TEHERAN.

LONDON, FEB. 7.

A telegram from Constantinople, says that Sir Drummond Wolff has suddenly left Teheran without informing anyone as to his intention or assigning any motive for his departure.

THE WELSH COLLIERY DISASTER.

The latest reports from the Llanero colliery show that a hundred and fifty lives have been lost.

LONDON, FRIDAY EVENING.

The number of lives lost by the colliery disaster is officially stated at one hundred and seventy.

FATAL EXPLOSION ON A WAR-SHIP.

A boiler explosion occurred on board the new cruiser Barraconsta during her trial trip.

After three successive failures in the working of the steering cylinders, the explosion occurred.

Two persons were killed and twelve others scalded.

MR. BRADLAUGH'S BILL.

Several Members of Parliament, in addition to those already mentioned, have undertaken to support Mr. Bradlaugh's Bill to amend the Indian Councils.

THE LABOUR DIFFICULTIES.

AN EMPLOYERS' FEDERATION.

LONDON, FEB. 6.

A Federation of the coal-owners of the United Kingdom is being formed.

The object is to raise such a fund as will enable them successfully to resist the unjust demands of their labourers, and oppose the Eight Hours' movement.

OBITUARY.

General Lord Taylour died yesterday.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

FURTHER ACCOUNT OF THE COLLIERY EXPLOSION.

LONDON, FEB. 6.

Sixty bodies have been recovered from the coal mine where the explosion had occurred, in Monmouthshire, and it is feared that one hundred and more miners are dead.

A NEW PROGRAMME FOR GOVERNMENT.

England, the organ of the Primrose League, publishes a forecast of the programme of Government, according to which twenty million sterling will be devoted to the extension of the Ashbourne Act in Ireland, and security will be arranged, so that neither the State nor the tax-payer shall suffer. One million of surplus will be devoted to free education, and a portion of it to an armament of Volunteer Force. The Government will also probably consider the question of further developing the Indian railways.

THE PUNJAB CHIEF COURT JUDGESHIP.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

ALLAHABAD, FEB. 7.

Mr. Stogdon has been gazetted Judge of the Punjab Chief Court.

LORD MARSHAM.

Lord Marsham, late on the staff of H. E. the Governor of Madras, leaves for England by this mail.

THE CIVIL SERVICE CUP.

Lord William Beresford's Bustle has won the Civil Service Cup.

THE MOHUNT OF TIRUPATI'S CASE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

MADRAS, FEB. 7.

To-day, before the High Court, the Mohunt's counsel applied for bail, pending an appeal to the High Court. Their lordships held that a notice should be served upon the Government Pleader, and that they wanted time to look into the judgement. The case was, therefore, adjourned to Monday.

THE PEARL FISHERY.

[FROM THE SUPERINTENDENT.]

TUTICORIN, FEB. 7.

Takes continue to be good, and pearls are plentiful, but buyers are few, and prices are very low. Rumours of cholera are entirely unfounded, and the weather and public health is excellent.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LIVERPOOL, FEB. 7.

The Anchor Line s. s. Asia left here for Bombay on the evening of the 5th.

ADEN, FEB. 7.

The A.-H. Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s s. s. Imperator, from Bombay (1st inst.), arrived here this morning.

COLOMBO, FEB. 7.

H. M. S. Merlin, from Penang, arrived.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

FEBRUARY 6.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.
The Manchester Market is quiet.	
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3d.
8¼ "	6d.
40s Mule Twist	9¾d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4⅛d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	97⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	87½
4 per cent. Rupee paper	69½
4½ per cent. "	71⅛
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	107¼
4s Silver	44 5-16d. per oz.

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—Total Bullion £ 21,100,000, increase, £ 400,000; public deposits £ 7,100,000, decrease, £ 600,000; other deposits £ 28,100,000, decrease, £ 100,000; other securities, £ 21,100,000, unchanged; notes and gold, £ 13,400,000, unchanged. The Bank's reserve is 44 per cent. of the liabilities.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 7th Feb. 1890.

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission.* Hours.	Minutes.
Turkay	7	6	8	1	49
Teheran	7	5	9	...	32
Suez	7	7	8	...	2

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 7th Feb. 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	20	...	3
" Kurrachee	...	8	...	1
" Madras	...	32	...	1

* Difference in longitude allowed for.

A VIENNA paper states that "a duel took place on the 16th ult., in the environs of that capital, between a member of an English aristocratic family and a Swiss gentleman. Two shots were exchanged, and at the second the English nobleman fell dangerously wounded." Inquiries on the subject throw no light on the alleged duel. Even the paper which publishes the statement, is unable to give names or other particulars.

A CORRESPONDENT heard from a lady connected with the old German Court a rather touching little anecdote *apropos* of the Empress Augusta, who was not generally credited with having overmuch heart where family affection was concerned. It became the fashion some years ago in Prussia to own autograph fans on which illustrious personages were begged to sign their names, and, if it so pleased them, attach a few words to the same. When asked to write on the fan of one of her young grand-daughters, the old Empress in her slight Italian hand penned the following:—"Dieu se dit 'Je ne peux pas etre partout' et il créa la mère," a quaint and, in her case, sad conceit.

VANITY FAIR.

[FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, JAN. 17.

"APPRENEZ à toutes les nations à rire en Français: c'est la chose du monde la plus philosophique et la plus saine."

IT is good advice this of M. Ernest Renan that we should learn to laugh à la Francaise. We have already imitated our French neighbours successfully in many things. We have adopted their menus and their modistes; and latterly we have been having "la grippe" à la Francaise. But alas! lugubrious islanders, we have not made merry over it à la Francaise. Their cheery jests at the infliction, and the echoes of their laughter, have been blown across the Channel to us as we sat in our chimney corners, wrapped in melancholy and red flannel, and solacing ourselves with anti-pyrin and groans over the perusal of the death-rate. But now that copious libations of quinine and anti-pyrin, beef-tea and orange juice, poured out on the altar of the implacable goddess Influenza, have somewhat mollified her ferocity, we must begin to learn like Jacques Bonhomme to laugh—ha, ha,—and to sing—ha, ha,—and to jest—ha, ha,—with a shrug and a simper, as if life with influenza was a big joke in which it was our privilege to have a share.

* *

Even M. Renan could have found no fault with the quality of our laughter at the Court Theatre last evening, though it proceeded from muffled-up, hollow-eyed victims of the plague who had fled from nourishing slops, poultices, and cough mixtures to try the stronger tonic treatment of Mrs. John Wood's irresistible fun. How cosy the little theatre looked when we got in. But dear me! how thin the house. Is it the decimation of the ranks by dengue grippe, influenza, or whatever you choose to call the infliction? Or have Aunt Jack's jokes ceased to fascinate—her smiles to woo? No—though she smiled last night for the 163rd time, her smile is not yet monotonous or mechanical. It is John Bull who cannot trust himself to take his afflictions lightly—he has not yet learned to turn life with influenza into a pleasant joke. So it was a thin house in every sense of the word. Firstly, there were but two spectral figures in the boxes, they were evidently lovers,—or newly-married. Their clothes and properties, opera glasses, &c., had that extreme freshness that denote the bride and bridegroom. But the epidemic had not even spared them, though they strove for appearance' sake to make little of it, and smothered the fits of coughing that every now and again betrayed that they had passed through the ordeal. By the way, could anything be more disastrous than to be caught on the honeymoon by the influenza? After trying for months to look beautiful in the eyes of one's best beloved, fancy being suddenly stricken with that most unbecoming of maladies. Swollen-nosed, blear-eyed, tearful, and given to much sneezing and snorting, would it not disenchant the lovingest of lovers to see one thus? Luckily the plague Goddess is impartial in the distribution of her favors. And of what she bestows on the bride, she also gives the bridegroom his share. Then, man-like, he will take it twice as strongly, and be doubly afflicted and doubly cross. This is a compensation. But to return to our plague-stricken playhouse. In the stalls, a haggard, pallid, well-wrapped-up few were scattered here and there—in the pit, a more lively crowd—it takes more than influenza to subdue the 'Arries and 'Arriets and their mammas-in-law. Above, a sprinkling of languid genteels, and higher still a few of the less genteel who employed themselves busily during the interludes, consuming, according to the hygienic codes of the period, the juice of oranges, modified by the stronger juices of the vine, the hop, and the barley.

* *

Miss Florence Wood, who, I presume, is her daughter, took the part of Mrs. Caleb Cornish, a young bride, and looked very pretty, though as an actress she is not by any means striking. I was more fascinated by her gowns than by her playing. One dress was of pinkish brown cloth, quite simply made, but beautifully hung. If I thought that costume would have fitted me, I should have been guilty of a breach of the commandment not to covet one's neighbour's goods. But as it certainly would not have draped me decorously, I confined my aspirations to finding out some way or other how actresses manage to have so much more perfectly draped skirts than ordinary mortals. A dinner dress of Edison blue over a petticoat of white corded silk, was handsomely arranged, but my feelings of envy and admiration were cut-short by one side of the bodice being of white, the effect of which was that the dress was unfinished. Pretty little Suede shoes and open-work silk stockings of the same color, with the palest yellow gloves, completed the dinner toilette. The part of Mrs. Ephraim B. Vanstreek, a gay American widow, was taken by Miss Rosina Filippi, and was very smart and amusing. I dare say it does not take much talent to put on a Yankee twang, though it would be a flight of genius far, far beyond my powers. Nor is it difficult to make sharp impudent satires à l'Americaine always, provided the playright allows them up for you. But I must own to a wonderful admiration for any one who can acquit herself of this twofold requirement, so I was impressed by Miss Filippi, and I enjoyed her part in the play. Her walking dress of red and black striped satin was a splendid affair. With it she wore a redingote of black velvet opening over a vest of the red and black satin, arranged crosswise in a rather *negligé* fashion. A little scarlet bonnet, a scarlet *en tout cas*, and various fluttering red ribbons, made her look like a gigantic fire-fly.

* *

Of the men, Mr. Arthur Cecil's acting was far the most natural, though the part of a lackadaisical dude was played by Mr. Allen Aynesworth with such feeling, that I doubt if it were not his real self showing through, and if the management arrange thus to put the parts of American or English dude or American or English ruglune into the hands of the right persons, there is not very much histrionic talent required to play the part successfully. But is it acting? I do not think so—though it goes down with the public.

* *

Is it a new reading of Ovid, Virgil, or Pliny—a new problem in Euclid—or a new construction of the rules that regulate the use or misuse of iambics or dactyls, that is agitating the craniums—I cannot use the common-place English word brain in alluding to the London collegiate scholars. Or have these go-ahead young women worked up a new theory on the origin of the species, or discovered some new fact about the blemishes on the fair face of the sun, or waded into deeper depths of doubt than a Robert Elsmere or a John Ward, Preacher. Not at all—the subject is one far more engrossing to our future sister B.As. and LL.Ds. They are not exercising their faculties on the merits of Ovid, Horace, Darwin, or Robert Elsmere—they are chatting—these Solons in petticoats and Minervas in tea-gowns—on the advisability of wearing stays!! The conservatives, true to their name, cling to the corset—or, as they prefer to call it, the stays, which, according to their view, supports the feeble, restrains the over-gushing, and straight-laces all womankind. In the eyes of the radical, on the contrary, the corset is the burden of the overladen, the destruction of the female form divine, and the fetter of the free. And until the London collegians decided this soul-stirring question, Pliny and his fellows ran the risk of growing green and mouldy on the shelves from disuse, so the dispute has been settled between these modern Amazons by an athletic contest—a high leap, a long leap, a tug of war, and a running competition. Sixteen competitors entered the lists—eight on either side—with the result that the non-corset champions easily distanced their opponents in the tug-of-war and the running leap of twelve feet. There is no doubt, therefore, that if we wish to train our daughters to emulate the jumping frog, we may economise on corsets. But if we wish to have them stick to their Virgil, their Horace, and their Pliny; it might be wise to invest our surplus capital in a selection of severe and unbending stays.

* *

The Oxford University Dramatic Union have arranged next month to play Robert Browning's Strafford with Mr. Henry Irving, junior, in the title-role, and Mr. W. J. Morris as Pym. Mr. Alan Mackinnon has undertaken the stage management, and Mr. Alma Tadema will design the dresses and scenery. Mr. Browning's friends and relatives are delighted, and are looking forward with pleasant anticipations to seeing it performed. The second meeting this season of the members of the Salon de Reunion was even gayer than the first, and there was quite a wonderful muster of pretty dresses. As a rule, people think anything will do for these big crushes, out of which one generally only brings the remnant of a gown. But at the British Artists' Gallery, there has been no unpleasant crowding—the rooms have been well-filled with just room to move comfortably about and see the pictures and, if you wish, show off your costume. The music was specially good. Mons. Nachery's selections on the violin were delightful, and a lady played some pieces sympathetically. Then there were recitations by Mr. Hermann Vezin, which imposed silence on the most garrulous. A test of how well he is appreciated. For conversation, or rather gossip, talk, gabble is the main occupation of the evening; the pictures, of course, helping to provide subjects when other points of interest fail. Among the striking figures was Lady William, Lennox wearing a very becoming black dress. There were indeed quite a number of people in black—is it to impress us with their connection with aristocracy, that they mourn with the court though they are not of it? At a ball last week the guests were at the last moment thrown into despair by the announcement that every one should wear mourning. It was in the country, and they had already ordered their gowns, so there was desolation, and I believe a good many sudden attacks of influenza in consequence.

SOME VERY HUMBLE CITIZENS.

OUR BOMBAY WATCHMEN.

WHO, I wonder, even after a very short sojourn in this country, has failed to notice the men called Baias, or Purdasees. The Baia has several characteristics which make him stand boldly out from amongst the other natives of India. He is always grown up, he always wears a ferocious looking beard and whiskers, and he always carries a big black stick plentifully strewn over with bright brass nails, forcibly reminding one, if I may compare small things with large, of a starry monsoon sky. I was at some pains to discover how the Purdasee succeeded in cultivating the hair on his face in the awe-inspiring manner in which he does, and, through the treachery of one of the clan, have learnt that he does so by parting his beard on the chin, brushing all the hair up towards the ears, and then tying a wet cloth over all. This operation is of course performed at night, when no man sees. He is very particular about his person, and is always provided with a round looking-glass about half the size of a man's palm, framed in red lac and pine wood, and whenever an opportunity offers, he might be seen twitching out an eyelash that was awry, or giving a gentle curve to a hair on his chin which would persist in being straight. I say the Purdasee is always grown up. He is so here, and Unarvelled exceedingly at it till I learned from the traitor aforesaid that all the boys and youths are left with the women in "Hindoostan" till capable of bearing and wielding the brass bedecked stick.

The Purdasee is the result of the old Pindaree. "Give me so much and I will protect you from other Pindarees; if you do not I will help them to rob you" was the wording of their contract, a contract which to their honour be it said they faithfully carried out. Since those good old days things have changed considerably; but our Baia is but dimly conscious of the change. He knows that now, instead of going to a man and offering his terms, he has to wait till he is asked for his services; beyond this, however, he cannot understand that there is much difference. When a man says "I will pay you ten rupees a month if you are my Baia," he considers that that man is his master, body and soul, and is his conscience, and whatever he says is right. From that time forth he is as faithful to his employer as a dog, with the same unreasoning fidelity. He would think as little of knocking in a man's head at his master's command as of shutting a gate at night. Baias are to be found in the service of Europeans as well as native gentlemen. They are as regardful of their masters' honour and commands in an equal degree in either case, but with the European his blood-hound-watching-a-baby air is absent. He considers all sahibs are born "men of body," as he quaintly terms fighting men, and so he waits till he is called upon to interfere in any dispute his European master may have with any one. When he serves a *shet* however, he is actively engaged in discovering possible sources of danger, and warding them off. The Purdasee is only aware of two classes of Europeans—those who ride in carriages and whom he regards as gentlemen, and those who walk, and whom he holds to be dangerous men. It is therefore particularly amusing to watch a Baia in the employ of a native gentleman if you happen to pay an informal visit on foot. He stands up when you enter the gate, and he gives you a searching look: you ask for his master, and you notice a perceptible change in his manner, for from appearing to be a man who is about to spring on you and rend you, he assumes the bearing of a person who is prepared to do so when the occasion arises. He precedes you to the house, and hangs about till he sees the master come out, and then everything is all right.

We have all read of the Roman soldier at Pompeii who would not leave his post although he knew death was coming. The Purdasee goes further than this: not only will he not leave his post, but he will take care that no one else does so. I was very much amused at a story of a Purdasee's obedience to orders. A landlord suspected that a tenant of one of his houses intended leaving without going through the ceremony of paying the rent, and so he placed a Baia "on duty" over the house, telling him not to allow the tenant to go out of the house if he carried anything with him. Next morning the tenant appeared at the gate, carrying his umbrella, in his way to the work. The Purdasee eyed him critically. "I was told not to allow him to carry anything off," thought the grim Cerberus, "and this man has a great many things on. I must stop him." He therefore barred the way.

"What do you mean?" asked the tenant.

"I was told not to allow you to go away with anything," was the reply.

"But I have not got anything."

"Yes, you have; you have all those clothes and that umbrella."

"But I cannot go out without clothes."

"Then don't go out at all."

"But I must go," said the tenant.

"If you try to pass me I will only have to brain you," replied the Baia as he handled his club in a workmanlike manner.

There was not another soul about, and the tenant retired. Shortly after he returned, and wanted to know what he was to do for food.

"I don't know and don't care; if you die of starvation so will I," said the Baia, and very likely he would have allowed the tenant to starve to death, had it not been for the opportune arrival of the master in the evening, who, when he found how things were going was glad to allow the tenant to go away without paying the rent on condition he said nothing about the matter.

The Purdasee's tastes are simple in the extreme. All he wants is a small room near the gate. If that is not provided for him he sets about building one for himself. This dwelling place consists of a plot of ground about twelve feet square walled in with bamboos, and roofed over with palmyra leaves. Mr. Purdasee is very cleanly in his habits as the floor of his room, and the neat arrangement of his worldly goods which consist of a few brass cooking pots, a three-legged stool, and a mat, bear witness. He eats only one meal a day, but what a meal! It takes him a good two hours to cook it, and it consists of a small brass pot full of *dhal* and a thousand cubic inches of scones. These scones are piled one on top of another and it would do any man's heart good to see them disappear one by one as the Baia breaks them up, dips the pieces into the *dhal*, and eats. After all have gone, he does what the editor of the *Mahratta* says it is polite for every native gentleman to do after a meal, and what the editor of another paper says it is not, and then sets to work and polishes up his cooking pots till they shine again.

That meal lasts him till next day, as well it ought with nothing in the interval but a mouthful of his *chillam*; nor does he indulge in that even unless he happens to have a few of his friends over for the evening. On such occasions the red tile *chillam* is carefully filled with the *sooka*, which has hitherto been tied in a rag, and stored among the rafters of the hut. A rag is wetted and wrapped round the short neck of the pipe, which each in turn grasps with both hands and vigorously draws the smoke through a hole made where the two palms join.

The only other recreation in which a Baia indulges is the careful copying out of the Hindi alphabet from an old native almanack which he brought with him from his country. As a rule he drinks and dresses as simply as possible he is able to save three parts of his pay. He does not do this for the sake of saving, but to send to his far distant home in "Hindoostan." Although few might suspect it, there is a soft spot in the heart of the hard-looking, ferociously bearded man, and at night when sitting silently watching over his master's property he dreams of the time when he will take a third class ticket to the place he came from and where he has left the woman who calls him husband, and who, in his eyes, is the fairest being upon earth barring the little child he remembers with large dark eyes and lemon-coloured cheeks. He wonders how she looks now, for it is over six years since he has seen her. He feels something trickling down his cheeks, and hastily brushing it away he rises and clears his throat, and goes on his rounds. The rings on his iron staff sound as loud and clear as though all were well with him.

With kindness you can thaw even a Purdasee. A couple of annas occasionally for a bundle of *sooka*, a few slate pencils, or a straight bamboo stick without any flaw, will win you his undying gratitude. I have thawed several of them, and on such occasions have heard them prattle, almost cheerfully, of what was done in their countries. I am sorry to say that nearly all of what they say is untrue, but in justice to them I must say that when describing any particular act of prowess, they invariably give the credit of it to some one else, who is of course a countryman. Most of the legends I was thus enabled to hear for the first time related to the period of the Sikh wars. I do not mean to say that the men told me straight off that the incidents they described occurred in the Sikh wars; but it used to come about in this way:—"Ah; Sahib have you ever heard of Kala Din, a country-man of mine? When the *ghora lok* were fighting against my country-men, with one stroke of his sword he cut a soldier and horse in two.

"He must, have been a strong man!" I said.

"Oh! yes, that he was, when his enemies used to see him coming, their livers used to melt."

"When did this occur?" I asked.

"When the English first came here. The English General offered him a thousand rupees a month to come to him, but he refused. That is what his son says."

"But we have been here some hundreds of years now," I said. "It must have been during the Sikh war."

"Ah! that is it," he said, "that's the name his son said."

W.

THE ARTILLERY CAMP AT COLABA.

THE pleasant week which the Artillery Volunteers have been spending at their Camp at Colaba, is drawing to a close, and Major Roughton has reason to be well pleased with the result of all his carefully-laid plans for its success. The annual course, with the big guns, was completed on Thursday, some splendid firing done, upon the two concluding days; Sergeants Tate and Pindar both successively distinguishing themselves by blowing the target, which was distant upwards of 1,000 yards, completely out of the water. On Thursday night, after their Camp dinner,—which, by the bye, is in quality more like what one would expect to find in one of our best hotels, than what it would be thought possible to produce away in that jungly place, and which speaks volumes for the excellent management of Mrs. Connell, who has had charge of the camp cuisine throughout the week—the men were turned out for company drill for their first practice, as their time has hitherto been entirely occupied with the annual course, at the guns. Yesterday morning, at 7 a.m., they again fell in for the same exercise, and it was marvellous to see how nearly perfect every motion was. The turnout was hardly so large as might have been wished for, but the absence of some was unavoidable, it being English mail-day. Major Roughton put them through the manual and firing exercise, and then made them march-past, first at the "shoulder," and then at the "trail." With the exception of one or two trifling slips every movement was smartly executed, and it is evident that every member of the Battery must take a deep interest in the well-being of his Corps, or such a state of efficiency could not have been attained. This morning is to be spent in practising for the inspection, which will take place at 5 p.m., the Battery parading shortly after 4 o'clock near St. John's Church, whence they will march to the Pilot Bunder. Many guests are expected at the Mess dinner to-night, and it is hoped every one will have a merry time at the Smoking Concert which is to be held afterwards in the Mess tent.

DEPARTURE OF H. M. S TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES.

HER MAJESTY'S TROOPSHIP EUPHRATES, Commander John R. E Pattison, will sail to-day for England with 26 officers, 12 ladies, 11 officers' children, 1,168 European rank-and-file, 24 women, and 74 children. The following are the names of the officers and their families:—Col G Barton, Bo Rl Fus; Surg-Major and Mrs Lewer and child, M s Med Staff; Lt-Col W G Thomas, Manchester Regt; Surg-Major W P Bridges, Bo Med Staff; Bt Major Drummond, Beng Staff Corps; Surg and Mrs J Anderson, Mr Med Staff; Captain and Mrs W A G Saunders and child, Ms R H A; Surg and Mrs W H Londrum, Beng Med Staff; Capt and Mrs G H W O'Sullivan, Bo R E; Capt T Digby, Beng R E; Surg D M Saunders, Beng Med Staff; Capt CH Agnew Rl Scot Fus; Capt and Mrs H F Chesney and 3 children, Beng R E; Capt R T M Johnston, Bo Staff Corps; Capt K H F Fagan, Beng Staff Corps; Capt and Mrs H J Bowman and child, Derby; Capt W S H Rich, Ms Staff Corps; Capt L H Priolean, Beng Manchester Regt; Lieut G R Row, Beng Manchester Regt; Lieut G M Harper, Beng R E; Lieut B H Boucher, Hampshire; Lieut C R Fryer, Beng, Suffolk; Lieut A W C Booth, North Fus; 2nd-Lt L Chapman, Bo R A; 2nd-Lt G R Straveley, Bo Rifle Bde; widow of late Col. Hoyland, Bo Staff Corps; widow of late Col. Gavin, Bo Staff Corps; wife of Lieut C H Hicks, Lane Fus; wife of Capt St J Richardson and three children, Bo Staff Corps.

LORD HARRIS AND THE VOLUNTEERS.

COLONEL EDWARD KNOCKER, the commandant of the East Kent Rifle Volunteers (the Buffs), who is making an appeal to the county for funds to provide the volunteers with equipment, received on January 15th a letter from Lord Harris, who says:—"As some discontent has been evinced at the policy of the Government in allowing the volunteer force to apply to the public for the funds necessary to provide this equipment, and in not having provided the money out of the taxation, I may take this opportunity of stating that in not having this equipment out of taxation the Government has been absolutely consistent to the policy of every previous Government since the volunteer force was first started. At its initiation, nothing was provided for it out of taxation but rifles; by degreas, as public opinion has demanded increased efficiency—that is more time—from the volunteers' pecuniary aid has been provided out of taxation; but this has been invariably—and the reports of successive Commissions and Committees leave no doubt on the point—for the maintenance of equipment, not for the supply. The provision of equipment has been always looked for from voluntary aid in each district, not from taxation. Under these circumstances your application appears to me to be quite legitimate, and of a similar character to those which are constantly being made in all parts of the country, which there is no doubt will be promptly commenced when the force commenced to take a share in the defence of this country. I shall be happy to give £100 towards the supply of the equipment required by the artillery and infantry in the district defined in your letter, and I hope that the response to your appeal may be sufficient to help you also to clear off the debt for great coats, towards the maintenance on which the taxpayer also contributes."

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THE TUTICORIN PEARL FISHERY.

THE price realised for the oysters has continued to mount up, and Government is now obtaining Rs. 19 per thousand. The merchants, however, are slow in coming forward. The Arab divers themselves are keen purchasers, and some beautiful pearls have already been found by them. One of these, the size of a pea, is estimated to be worth fully Rs. 100, and several others have been found worth from Rs. 25 to Rs. 50 each. The oysters are reported to be of a very favourable appearance, and hopes are entertained of another good fishery next year.

None of the Ralakara divers from Ceylon have arrived, despite their promises that they would. Naturally the Ceylon authorities have used all their influence to keep the divers on their own side, and it seems a pity that the two fisheries should be going on at the same time, when a little judicious arrangement might obviate this mutual competition for labour. The divers prefer the Ceylon side as the water there is so much shallower than at Tuticorin where it averages 9 fathoms to 4½ in Ceylon. However, if the divers already at Tuticorin continue to be as fortunate as they are at present, it is expected that more of them will soon come in. The Arab divers are very expert, and bring in good hauls averaging, in their boats, 6 to 7,000 oysters. The largest gross taken in one day up to the present has been 70,000, with 24 boats at work. The Post Office of Paumben is superintending operations on the bank in the s. s. *Margaret Northcote*, his task being not a very pleasant one, as from afternoon to midnight the sea runs very high, and the little steamer rolls like a cook-boat. The Collector, Mr. Tremenheere, is camped at Tuticorin, and takes the most lively interest in the fishery. The bank which is now being fished is that operated upon in 1821. The tug *Prince Alfred* has arrived from Colombo, and will be utilised at once. She belongs to the Ceylon Steamship Company, and has been chartered for Rs. 11,000 per mensem.—*Madras Mail*.

MILITARY NEWS.

LIEUTENANT THE HON'BLE ST. L. H. JERVIS, King's Royal Rifle Corps, is appointed A.-D.-C. to Lord Harris.

COLONEL SLADE, lately in command of the 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade and a member of the Small Arms Committee has been appointed Commandant of the School of Musketry, Hythe, in succession to Colonel Tongue.

THE following officers come out as probationers for the Staff Corps:—Lieutenants MacNamara and Clery, Royal Irish Regiment; Peacocke, Royal Artillery; Ricketts, Poole and Barrington, Royal Welsh Regiment; Woolridge, Berkshire Regiment; Kauntze-Saffolk Regiment; and Chatterton Shropshire Regiment.

THE following postings have been ordered:—To 1st Battalions:—Captain Downing, Royal Irish Regiment; and Lieutenants Ozzard, Hampshire Regiment; Bamber, East Lancashire Regiment; Stack, Border Regiment; and Morant, Durham Light Infantry. To 2nd Battalions:—Lieutenant-Colonel Poignand, Leinster Regiment; Captains Silverthorne, Yorkshire Regiment; and Mackenzie, Seaforth Highlanders; and Lieutenants Androw, Royal Irish Regiment; and Green, Derbyshire Regiment.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, Feb. 7.—The barometer has risen in North-western India, over a large part of the Central Provinces, Bombay, the Deccan, and Mysore, but has fallen elsewhere. The rise is brisk to rapid in the western desert. Changes are moderate or slight elsewhere. The depression has been wholly filled up, and the distribution of pressure and winds resumed. The normal state of the wind is strong to North Konkan and fresh on the Circars and the Coast. Temperature is high, except in Bengal, where there is a trifling deficiency. The weather is slightly cloudy in the north-west, but generally clear. Slight snow has fallen at Murree and Quetta. Weather has returned to the conditions it had before the appearance of storm, but promises to continue fine generally.

THE *Pall Mall Gazette* says:—The *Times* will be required to say roughly—within a few thousands—what was the circulation of the paper itself three years ago, and what of the pamphlet, "Parnellism and Crime." This will be interesting; but what would be more so, would be a comparison of the circulation of the *Times* then with what it is now. Has Pigottism damaged its circulation or not? We very much doubt if it has. The readers of the *Times* are divided into two classes—those who take it for its politics, and those who do not. To the latter the Pigott business has made no difference. To the former it appears to have been a recommendation rather than otherwise."

THE WILSON COLLEGE LITERARY SOCIETY.

THE fourth annual general meeting of the above Society was held on Thursday evening at the Wilson College Hall, where there was a fairly large audience of students. There were also present some ladies and gentlemen, including the Hon. Mr. Justice Telang, Dr. W. M. Alexander, Rev. Mr. Macomish, Dr. Bhalchandra, Dr. Kane, and others. Rev. Dr. Mackichan, the Principal of the Wilson College, presided.

The Honorary Secretary, Mr. N. G. Welinkar, read the following report:—

The Managing Committee beg to lay before you a report of the work and progress of the Wilson College Literary Society since the last report was presented in July 1888. The following statements set forth the principal events during the period under report:—

The Weekly Meetings of the Society.—These were held from 7th July to 2nd September 1888 (at 6 p.m.); from 2nd February to 6th April 1889 (at 8 p.m.); and from 29th June to 31st August 1889 (at 8 p.m. before and 4-30 p.m. on and after 27th July). The average attendance was 45.

(2) The Subjects introduced for discussion, Essayists, Chairman, &c.—About the end of July, 1889, at Rev. Mr. Gardner's suggestion, the managing committee prepared a syllabus of the subjects to be introduced at the meeting until the end of the term; the committee also got a student to prepare beforehand his criticism on each of the papers, and to deliver it immediately after the reading of the paper. These two changes proved very beneficial; the Society was secure about its paper for the whole of the term; the quality of the essays improved; and the Society could always count upon at least one speaker to follow the essayist, and that one well acquainted with the subject under consideration. The managing committee, on behalf of the Society, express their sincerest thanks to Prof. Gardner, whose valuable suggestions were mainly instrumental in securing to the Society these advantages.

Membership, &c.—There were at the close of the last year 40 members on the roll. As the membership was continually on the decline during the last three years, some fear was felt that the interest of the students in the Society's work was flagging; but the managing committee are glad to find that at the beginning of the current year they have enrolled more than 60 new members.

The Managing Commitee.—The managing committee has endeavoured to discharge to the satisfaction of the members, the usual as well as the occasional business of the Society. There was a change of hands among the office-bearers in January, 1889. Mr. B. S. Cardmaster resigned the secretaryship which was offered to and accepted by Mr. N. G. Welinkar. The committee desire to place on record their appreciation of the valuable services of Mr. Cardmaster during his tenure of the secretaryship, which extended over a year and a half from July, 1887, to December, 1888. In addition to the two changes referred to in para. 2 the Committee obtained the consent of the general body to put off the annual election (of the Managing Committee and office-bearers), which was due in July last to the commencement of the current year so as to make the Society's year correspond with the college year. In March 1889, Mr. Lee-Warner, M.A., C.S., delivered under the auspices of the Society, a public lecture on "Selection;" and towards the end of August the Society was again able to give the public the benefit of a lecture on "Luther and his Times," by Dr. Lindsay, D. D. After prolonged efforts the committee were at length able to arrange for the annual course of public lectures in December 1889. Paragraph G contains a statement of the important facts in connection with the lecture course. The committee think it only fair to state that their success in the last particular was due almost wholly to the zeal, tact and unflagging industry of Mr. Nagindas P. Mehta, who has on this occasion placed the committee, not for the first time, under obligation to himself. It is hoped that the committee's work during the year and a half under report, as herein described, will meet with the approbation of the general body, and that they will be thought to have acquitted themselves properly of the duties entrusted to them.

Change of Name.—In June 1889, in consequence of the college having been removed to its new buildings, the Society's name was changed into the 'Wilson College Literary Society.'

The Annual Lectures.—These commenced on the 4th of December and ended on the 22nd. It is obvious from the large audiences (over 300) present on each of these occasions, that the lectures were much appreciated; and it is plain from the willingness with which the different lecturers responded to the Society's request to lecture, and also from other distinguished gentlemen willingly accepting the invitation to preside, that the Society's work has commended itself generally to the public of this city. As to the usefulness of these lectures to the public, the Society need only to point to the nature of the subjects treated upon and the learning of the lecturers. The managing committee, on

subjects. (Applause). To carry out this object it was necessary to have a Committee. He trusted the Committee just about to be appointed, consisting as it did of representative men from all the communities residing in that city, would be able to discharge the trust reposed in it, to the satisfaction of all parties concerned. He also trusted that on that occasion, as was done on previous similar occasions, all the various interests would unite together, so that the result might be a cordial, harmonious, and united reception. (Applause.)

Mr. Pherozshah M. Mehta, in supporting the resolution, said he was called upon to perform the somewhat remarkable feat of supporting a proposition and no object which required no support whatever. (Applause). However they might differ on political and historical matters, whether they held with Professor Max Muller in the views he had recently so eloquently put forward, or whether they were the fierce fire-eaters who were celebrated in the modern world as jingoes or worshippers of the sword, (laughter) they were all cordially united in one common sentiment of devotion and loyalty to the Sovereign Lady who had presided over the destinies of the Empire for more than a quarter of a century. (Applause.) And if he might venture to speak from his somewhat intimate knowledge of the people, he would make bold to say that this sentiment of loyalty, borrowing the language of one who knew so well how to express noble thoughts in noble language—he meant, their chairman,—was "no longer the cold dictates of duty," but "the impulse of love," inspired by that generous regard and affection which her Majesty had always evinced for the people of that country, and by the possession of those great qualities and virtues, as "Mother, Wife, and Queen," which no other people in the world were so apt to appreciate and reverence as the people of India. (Applause.) They accepted the sending of those nearest and dearest to her as sure tokens of her deep and abiding personal interest in that country. (Applause.) The grateful memories of the visit of the Prince of Wales were still fresh in the minds and hearts of the people all over the country. They were not likely soon to forget the way H. R. H. the Duke of Connaught—applause—had borne himself in his high office during his stay among them. (Renewed applause.) His approaching departure was a source of universal regret. They now hailed the advent of Prince Albert Victor as a fresh token of her Majesty's regard, and he had not the least doubt that they should all cordially co-operate in the endeavour to do honor to so honored a guest. (Applause.) He did not know if Bombay would surpass the other great cities of that country in the splendour of her reception. But of one thing he was sure, that it would allow no other city to surpass it in the heartiness and enthusiasm of its welcome. (Loud applause.)

The resolution on being put to the meeting was carried with enthusiasm.

Sir Henry Morland next moved that the best thanks of the meeting be tendered to the Hon. Sir Raymond West for his able discharge of his duties as chairman of the meeting. He felt sure, he said, they all regretted extremely the absence of H. E. Lord Reay, and sympathised with him in the circumstances which prevented his being present on that auspicious occasion, when the enthusiastic loyalty of the citizens and devotion to their Queen so manifested themselves. He felt sure also they all appreciated what their president had done, in coming there, though suffering, and presiding in so thorough a manner as he had done. What had been said by the previous speakers rendered it needless for him to detain them any further, but they would all agree with him that they owed a deep debt of gratitude to their president and a hearty vote of thanks for his able conduct in the chair.

Sir Dinshaw M. Petit seconded the motion, which was carried.

The Hon. Sir Raymond West, in returning thanks, said that in that Hall and in other parts of Bombay he had so often received so many hearty intimations of the good-will of the population of that city that he could not feel for a moment that there was any one member of the assembly—the most distinguished and numerous that he had almost ever met there—that did not cordially unite with him in the feeling which animated all present. It was a matter of much regret, especially to himself that Lord Reay was not present; but still great as was that regret, he felt sure, that it was nothing as compared with that experienced by his lordship in not being able to drink in the enthusiasm which pervaded that assembly and carry away a lasting recollection which a meeting of that kind certainly would have infused in him. He (the chairman), however, would endeavour, as well as an oral description could, to convey to his lordship the feeling which animated the gathering. There were more eloquent lips than his able to clothe in better language than was at his command so describe what had taken place, but still he had no doubt that in his communication to Lord Reay of what he had observed, and the sentiments which the mention of his name called forth amongst them, he should convey to him, would afford him sincere and heartfelt pleasure. (Applause.) Something had been said of the different elements which were to combine in the proposed demonstration a successful one. There all were aware that Government and especially Governments now a days, influenced by the [illegible] of public opinion, and the great force of journalism, were obliged to be extremely economical and make [illegible] populous and frugal use of the means placed at their disposal; but he could say with the fullest confidence of his colleagues that the Government were willing to contribute as far as they could properly to the proposed demonstration. He believed they [illegible] of about Rs. 9,000 to lay their hands upon Government would undertake to illuminate the buildings under their control. (Applause.) He could all remember what a beautiful spectacle the buildings presented on former occasions, and he had no observe that a gentleman who was saying [illegible] and had visited nearly all the capitals of [illegible] partly in connection with the public press, had told him he had never in all his experience seen such beautiful illuminations as those he witnessed in Bombay on the occasion of the celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee. (Applause.) Well, then, the Government were willing to do their part, and to do it earnestly and zealously according to the measure of their means, which were not, be it remembered, their means, but the means of the public, for every penny they spent was a penny taken out of the pockets of the people, they were merely the almoners of the people's generosity. (Applause.) On the other hand, he trusted the Corporation would see its way to do its duty as generously as on former occasions, and that the Committee would also devote themselves to their business and form the working sub-committees, on whose labors would mainly depend the success of the undertaking. In this connection he could appeal to a gentleman who was sitting on his left, Mr Dosabhoy Framjee, who had perhaps had more to do with these matters than any man in the country. (Applause.) And whatever the composition of sub-committee resolved upon he begged them to sink all personal predilections and join heart and hand in carrying out with enthusiasm whatever might be resolved upon; because it depended on that whether the proposed demonstration would be a success or not. It always happened on occasions of this kind that different people, having naturally a great interest in different spheres of thought and activity on even different phases of art, would prefer that the demonstration should take this or that shape. It was, of course, absolutely impossible that everyone's wishes could be gratified, but he trusted that the particular views of individuals would be sunk, and that when it was ascertained what the general wish was that they would do all in their power to give effect to it. So far as Government were concerned, he could say with great confidence and certainty that what they desired was a demonstration in which the largest number of the citizens of this city, and those who poured into it, should have an active and pleasing part the more subjects of her Majesty who took part in it or enjoyed it, the better pleased Government would be. (Applause.) He was very glad that what he had said had been received so kindly, and it made him very proud and happy to occupy the position he did at this moment—to feel himself the mouth-piece as it were of this great city, to which so many eyes were directed, and to be the expresser of the common sentiment of that vast community. This was certainly a proud and honourable position, and one which amply compensated him for a certain amount of physical inconvenience to which he had had to submit in coming there and also for the absence of his Excellency the Governor. (Applause.) The young Prince, who was about to return to them, came to India, he had some reason to believe, with but little idea at all of popular demonstrations. He came, he was assured and believed, for the simple purpose of making himself acquainted with those very large and important sections of her Majesty's subjects over whom he would probably, and they all hoped, would in due course be called to govern. During his travels in India the Prince had been the recipient of magnificent demonstrations which had had a very pleasing effect upon him, and must have filled his mind with happy recollections, but he was sure that Bombay would equal if not surpass these. (Applause.) The great advantage which a Prince of the royal blood coming to visit a country like India, with its teeming millions, could hardly be over-estimated. All, or many of them, could recall, the visit of the Prince's father, and none of them could doubt, when they looked at the matter calmly, and from this distance of time, when the blast of the excitement had passed away that this visit was fraught with good to both England and India. It made the people realize more completely and thoroughly that they were integral parts of a great and wide-spread empire, and that they shared most thoroughly the sympathies and feelings of regard of her Majesty and her sons. (Applause.) On the other hand, that visit, which was followed with intense int rest by the population of England, and especially by the larger part of the population who wore petticoats, brought home to the consciences the English people in a far more vivid and intense way that the existence and reality of the great population of two hundred millions of people depended for their welfare and happiness on the popular and political movements of the people of England, and the affection and interest felt in them by the wearer of the crown of England. This inter-play of sympathies was that which in the end united the different segments of a scattered empire into one solid whole, and that was the result, which they must all hope would be attained sooner or later. They could not all hope to see it perfected in their time, but still they might hope that by the visits of Royal Princes all the segments of the empire would gradually combine, and by degrees every nationality, preserving its own characteristics and individualities, would become united more and more by one common and imperial idea. (Loud applause.) He thought the visits of Royal princes had a distinctly beneficial effect in this way, and they ought to feel grateful to those Princes who honoured them with their presence. A feeling allusion had been made to the presence amongst them of the distinguished son of her Majesty, who was now in command of the Bombay Army —loud applause—and he was sure that anyone who had had the happiness to form any acquaintanceship with the Duke of Connaught, and much more those who had been in intimate relation with him as it had been his (the speaker's) good fortune to be at one time of the Government, could have any feeling towards him and his noble consort but one of love and admiration. (Loud applause.) Quite apart from his royal station there was in the man himself, and he might add in his consort a noble dignified manner of frankness and readiness to acknowledge a mistake, when there had been a mistake, which marked the true nobility of royal blood. (Loud applause.) If any one within his acquaintance had ever approached a realization of the picture which Lord Tennyson drew of the royal father and royal son, it was, he believed, the Duke of Connaught himself. (Applause.) Returning more particularly to the object of the meeting, the chairman said that Prince Victor had seen a great deal of India, and had everywhere been received with demonstrations of affection and enthusiasm, which must be so gratifying to a member of the royal family, and he (the speaker) believed that in no part of her Majesty's dominions he would find a more loyal people than in this country; and as a learned and eloquent speaker had that night told them that there might be differences on political points; but there was one point on which they all agreed, viz., loyalty and affection to the Crown. When this young Prince came amongst the Hindoos, they had an opportunity of kindling their loyal enthusiasm by an actual sight of him, who, to them, was the actual and living representative of it, which in itself was a great benefit. The loyalty of the Hindoos had on more than one occasion in the past, proved the salvation of the Indian Empire, and he could conceive a time in the troubles which must come to every nation in the future in which the loyalty of the Hindoos, Mahomedans, and other members of that great community might be the main stay of the empire and the support of the Throne. (Loud applause.) He, himself fully believed that there was a capacity for love, affection, and for individual and personal reverence amongst the people of this country, which, as it was gradually fading away amongst some of the too thoughtful, too analysing, and too finessing people in Europe, became of incalculable value, and might be the nucleus of their political importance and greatness as an empire. He trusted all these feelings would be stimulated and enhanced by the visit of the Prince, and he trusted that whatever demonstration was made in other parts of India, that Bombay, which certainly did not fall short of any in affection and reverence for her Majesty and the royal family, would not fall short in the demonstration of the kindly feeling it felt. Bombay had great opportunities and had been richly gifted by nature, and the means of display here were such as were possessed by few cities in the world, and they must bring out all the beauties of this beautiful island and resolve that the young Prince should take home to his grand-mother, and that the beloved Duke of Connaught should likewise take home to his mother an account of the demonstration which was to be made which would convince her Majesty that she was enshrined in the hearts of all her people. Bombay was not only what it claimed to be, the first in wealth and enterprise, the first in intelligence and energy in all the cities of her empire; but also the first city in India in loyalty, and devotion to the Queen and Royal Family, and in all respects would be *urbs prima in Indis*. (Loud and prolonged applause.)

On the motion of Sir Frank Forbes Adam a vote of thanks was accorded Mr. John Marshall for the duties he had performed in connection with the organizing of the meeting, and the proceedings terminated.

AN ADVENTURER'S OFFERS OF MARRIAGE.

A STYLISHLY-DRESSED individual, with unlimited assurance, and an accent which gave colour to the story that he was an Austrian, has for the past fortnight been carrying on a series of intrigues in Birmingham, and has now disappeared in a manner that has caused a flutter of excitement in at least two or three families in the city. The gentleman in question is described as about five-and-thirty years of age, nearly six feet high, with a dark, heavy moustache and sallow complexion, and remarkably polished manners. He arrived in Birmingham he engaged apartments at a private house and sent his box there. Instead of occupying the apartments, he went out and scraped up on acquaintance with some members of the Jewish community, and by them was introduced at a coffee-house in Smallbrook Stree, where he sapped, and stayed the night. He had not been in the house many hours before he made the acquaintance of the landlord's daughters by stating that he was the owner of several large mines in South America; and in support of his assertion that he possessed a large fortune he placed upon the table a roll of American notes, which he said were worth £10,000. Next day he became remarkably attentive to one of the young ladies, and frankly asked her to marry him. He again produced the notes, and evidently impressed the young lady and her sisters with the belief that his fortune, if not his love, was genuine; but the proposal was so sudden and the circumstances were altogether so extremely remarkable that they treated the matter as a joke But on the next morning the offer was renewed, and the notes and a gold watch and chain, said to be worth 90 guineas, were brought out as pledges of the stranger's disinterested affection.

NOBODY TO LEAVE HIS FORTUNE TO,

A new element of apparent sincerity was added by his sudden illness. He took to his bed, and deplored almost tearfully that he had no friends, and nobody to leave his fortune to. In this state of mind he was visited by the Jewish gentleman, who took him to the coffee-house in the first place. They had a long conversation, in the course of which, it is said, the names of several well known Jews, including the Chief Rabbi in London, There was such an air of sincerity about the man, and so much apparent genuineness about his so-called American notes that his Jewish friend, taking pity upon him, called a cab and provided what he hoped would be more comfortable lodgings. The visitor soon recovered from his illness, and his next move was to fall violently in love with his friend's daughter. He proposed marriage, and offered to settle £10,000 upon her at once. It is stated that the young lady and her friends were inclined to look upon the offer with some amount of favour. At all events the stranger visited the shop of a jeweller in Smallbrook Street, again brought out the notes, and ordered over £300 worth of jewellery and plate as wedding presents. The jeweller's manager called on the visitor to examine the notes, but this the visitor would not allow. He ultimately left the shop, promising to get some notes changed and return to complete the purchase; but he was not seen again. It appears that he went back to the young lady, and made up his mind to purchase a villa residence near Bermingham to which they might return after the honeymoon. A visit was paid to estate agents, and arrangements for purchasing the house were made, the price to be £2,000. The deeds were prepared, and were to be fetched next day, but no purchaser appeared. About this time, so the story goes the distinguished foreigner called at the Office for letters and received several. A few he read and destroyed, and a few he placed in his pocket. One of the latter it is said, proved to be from the adventurer's wife! Whether this discovery precipitated his removal from Birmingham or not, is not certain. All that is clear is that he suddenly left the city. The police decline to give any information about, but expect to hear of further exploits.

THE LATE MR. T. POTTINGER.

THE *Quarterly Journal* of Veterinary Science in India thus refers to the death of Mr. Thomas Pottinger A. V. D.:

With sincere regret for the loss of a genial comrade and a true friend we approach the sad task of recording the death of a highly valued and most efficient officer, Veterinary Surgeon Thomas Pottinger, Army Veterinary Department, which occurred at Umballa, on 2nd November 1889. The deceased officer was on leave, and had been out shooting in the Kurnal District where he was burnt by the sun in the face, the parts became irritable and he scratched them, this slight cause giving rise to Erysipelas which proved fatal in a few days. We fear that he suffered at times somewhat considerably, and that the case was complicated by liver disorder. It was well known that he suffered severely from hepatic congestion while officiating as Principal, Bombay Veterinary College, in 1888-89 and subsequently in Poona. At any rate he must be added to the list of victims to service in India where he had completed his five years on 26th January last, but was kept on because he "could not be relieved" for certain reasons. Mr. Pottinger was over thirty-four years of age; he graduated in London on 2nd April 1881, and was subsequently appointed Demonstrator of Anatomy at the Royal Veterinary College in which capacity he earned a reputation for energy and efficiency, and was highly popular among the students and good at foot-ball. He left the College in 1883 on appointment to the Service (Commission dated 3rd October 1883), and he came out to India in January 1884. After service in several Bombay stations, he was appointed Assistant Superintendent at the Army Veterinary School, Poona, and Lecturer on Veterinary Science at the Poona College of Science (1886), which posts he held at the time of his death. His care and abilities as a teacher, and his skill as a practitioner were shown both here, and while officiating in charge of the Bombay College. The Students and Officers of the Bombay Veterinary College met specially and passed a vote of regret for his loss, and of condolence with his nearest relatives. The Officers of the Department and others attended his military funeral. A subscription has been raised at the Bombay Veterinary College to perpetuate his memory, and it is proposed to place in the Umballa Cemetery a monument over his grave raised by subcriptions from Officers of the Veterinary Department. He unfortunately wrote but little although he had collected a mass of material concerning Indian ponies, and was gradually preparing it for the press. While in Bombay he edited the Quarterly, and only uncertainty as to his remaining in India prevented his coming permanently on the Editorial Staff. We therefore feel a gap in our ranks! We need say no more! Every one who knew Pottinger liked him, and will miss his cheery presence!

PRINCE NAPOLEON (Jerome) has not been much heard of lately. A writer in the *Westminster* has been examining his pedigree, and finds that, through his mother, the Prince is descended from almost all the Royal houses in Europe, including our own and that of France. He is descended from George I. in three distinct lines, so that should the House of Hanover ever fail of a more direct heir, and a king be wanting in some future age, our descendants may take a Napoleon as one of the descendants of the Electress Sophia.

THE report of the Parnell Commission will, it is said, be a rather lengthy document. It took seventeen hours to write a transcript. It will attempt, it is said, great judicial impartiality. It will state that certain things were proved; leaving it to the readers to draw the inferences. If this be a correct forecast, observes a home paper, it will scarcely be as useful a campaign document to the Tories as they have been expecting.

MAGNETISM AND HYPNOTISM.

DR. J. M. CHARCOT writes on this subject in the *New York Forum*. He says:—

The psychic characteristic of the state of somnambulism is an absolute trust, a boundless credulity on the part of the subject toward the one who has hypnotised him. However improbable the story told in the hearing of a person so hypnotised, he believes it, takes it in, makes it his own; it becomes the centre of his entire cerebral activity; all his thoughts radiate out of it, until some new thought is furnished to him, though the same be diametrically opposite to the former. It is because of this state of mind that the phenomena of "suggestion" are so easily produced. Everyone knows what is meant by this suggestion, and to what lengths it may be carried. Take one example from among a thousand. I present to a woman patient in the hypnotic state a blank leaf of paper, and say to her: "Here is my portrait; what do you think of it? Is it a good likeness?" After a moment's hesitation, she answers: "Yes, indeed your photograph; will you give it to me?" To impress deeply in the mind of the subject this imaginary portrait, I point with my finger toward one of the four sides of the square leaf of paper, and tell her that my profile looks in that direction; I describe my clothing. The image being now fixed in her mind, I take that leaf of paper and mix it with a score of other leaves precisely like it. I then hand the whole package to the patient, bidding her to go over them, and let me know whether she finds among these anything she has seen before. She begins to look at the leaves one after another, and as soon as her eyes fall upon the one first shown to her (I had made upon it a mark that she could not discern), forthwith she exclaims: "Look, your portrait!" What is more curious still, if I turn the leaf over, as soon as my eyes rest upon it, she turns it up, saying that my photograph is on the obverse. I then convey to her the order that she shall continue to see the portrait on the blank paper even after the hypnosis has passed. Then I awaken her and again hand to her the pack of papers, requesting her to look over them. She handles them just as before, when she was hypnotised, and utters the same exclamation: "Look, your portrait!" If now I tell her that she may retire, she returns to her dormitory, and her first care will be to show to her companions the photograph I have given her. Of course, her companions, not having received the suggestion, will see only a blank leaf of paper without any trace whatever of a portrait; and will laugh at our subject and treat her as a visionary. In this experiment, this suggestion, this hallucination, will, if I wish, continue several days; all I have to do is to express the wish to the patient before awakening her.

The foregoing experiment has been made hundreds of times by me and by others, and the facts can easily be substantiated. Their objectivity is as complete as could be wished in researches of this kind. Let us then analyse some of these phenomena, and so obtain a notion of what is meant by suggestion. I show the patient a perfectly blank leaf of paper, telling her that on it is drawn my portrait—an entirely baseless affirmation on my part, and one that would be flatly contradicted by any person even of moderate intelligence. And yet, because of the unheard-of credulity of which I have spoken, the hypnotised subject sees the matter quite differently. Almost without any hesitation she seizes the idea that I present to her. Indeed, to say that the hypnotised subject seizes the idea is not a precise expression of the fact; it is more correct to say that the idea seizes, takes possession of, the hypnotised subject. The portrait that I tell her to look at she distinguishes perfectly; and if I but urge the point a little, she will describe the picture with great abundance of details, unrolling *ad infinitum* this panorama of induced hallucination as she grafts upon the simple notion of a portrait every association of ideas that occurs to a quick imagination. Yet she never lets herself wander from her starting point, ever and again going back to the initial idea—the piece of paper by her transformed into a photograph. She holds it at different angles, turns it this way and that brings it near or holds it at a distance, contemplates it from every side; and if I cease to talk to her, she will go on thus for hours fondly gazing on the bit of paper. It seems as though under the influence of hypnosis, there existed in the brain an absolute thought vacuum; and that, taking advantage of this solicitude every idea introduced by suggestion spreads itself out immeasurably and lords it in the tenantless domain. In the case we are considering, the thought of the portrait, its existence once granted is entirely rational; but were I pleased to suggest to my patient something utterly absurd, she would accept that suggestion with the same docility. Were I but to tell her that the portrait has two noses and three eyes, she would believe that quite as readily, without raising any difficulties.

Such is the influence of suggestion in its less complex features, and one can easily imagine what a variety of results may be produced by it. But let us proceed with the analysis of our experiment. When upon my injunction, the subject has meditated upon, even awakened, to see my portrait upon this leaf of paper, that is a proof of the intensity with which a suggestion may be impressed upon the mind; for even when the mind has resumed its normal life and functionment, the impression made during the hypnotic state persists, like a veritable parasite, for hours, nay for days, sometimes for weeks, and that without losing aught of its potency. The consideration of these facts is of interest, and I regret that space does not permit me to discuss the highly interesting questions raised by hypnotism regarded from the medicological point of view, as an agent in crime and a factor in lessening individual responsibility. But that would carry me too far, and I must give simply a broad general notion of hypnotism, without discussing its applications.

Return once again, therefore, to the experiment already described, for we have not yet examined all its phases. Having suggested to the patient that the leaf of paper she bore her eyes is a photograph, I put it amid a great number of other leaves so exactly like it that even a keen eye cannot tell one leaf from another. Then I tell the lady to find whether the lot of papers contains anything she has seen before. Whatever I may do to "throw her off the scent," she never misses; every time that, as she goes over the papers, her eyes fall upon the leaf in question, she recognises it without any hesitation. Here we enter the domain of the marvellous, the enchanted garden toward which everyone has been drawn who has studied magnetism; and from it few have come back. But is it in any need to appeal to the miraculous for an explanation of facts of this character? Must we invoke the supernatural? Certainly not, when we can account for these phenomena in the simplest way in the world, by assuming an enhanced acuteness of some of the senses—an acuteness developed under the influence of the hypnotic state. In fact matter for astonishment that a dog follows his master by scent through forests and fields, and pigeons return from long distances to its home from a distance of hundreds of miles? No; these phenomena contain nothing supernatural. This view I shall never be weary of proclaiming. Hypnotism is directly amenable to our means of investigation, and must needs be an integral part of the known domain of science. To that goal our efforts ought to be directed. Let us, then, continue in this path—the only one that may save us from precipices and that can lead us to success.

THE late Dr. Westland Marston had passed the last few years of his life as unhappily as any man well could, and the once "Favorite of Fortune" (to use one of his own titles) and popular and successful dramatist died in semi-obscurity with only a few old friends to cheer him. Dark and gloomy as was the close of his son Philip's career, we are inclined to think that Westland Marston's fate was sadder still. He was literally almost alone in the world, though the people at his lodgings in Euston-road looked after him as well as they could. Dr. Marston practically made his last public appearance after the performance of Lord Byron's tragedy of "Werner," which was played for his benefit at the Lyceum in the summer of 1887, and since that time he had rarely made long excursions from the house, walking with terribly uncertain and tottering steps. He had been rapidly failing for months past, and his death was not unexpected. He would have been seventy-one in a few weeks' time, and next Valentine's day will be the third anniversary of his son's death. Westland Marston came of a good family, and claimed, we believe, to be descended in some way from the unhappy Anne Boleyn. He was born at Boston in Lincolnshire, and was a playright of something more than promise when he was but little over age. Macready, Charles Keane, Helen Faucit, Lilian Adelaide, Neilson, John Baldwin, Buckstone, Southern, and other celebrated actors and actresses took part in his plays, many of which were deservedly successful, and all of which possessed high literary merit. In his best days Dr. Marston loved to be surrounded by artistic people, and used to be a most brilliant and witty conversationalist.

THE death of Sir Percy Shelley, writes the *Pall Mall Gazette*, has set various rumours afloat concerning the private Shelley papers, which are said to contain the solution of the much-vexed "Harriet question." Are these papers real or fabulous? Lady Shelley distinctly stated in 1859 that there were in existence documents written by the poet's own hand, which in after years might "make the story of his life complete." But this assertion is hardly corroborated by the biographies since published. Professor Dowden, while fully establishing the fact of the "deep division" between Shelley and Harriet, has left the causes unexplained; and Mrs. Marshall states that "no contemporary document now exists which puts the case beyond the reach of argument." We must conclude either that Lady Shelley promised too much, or that papers existing in 1859 have since been secreted or destroyed.

ON the Rhine boats the Queen of Prussia used often to sit and write, and was most gracious in speaking to any passengers with whom she had any acquaintance. At the time the English church at Ems was built, a curious method of collecting funds was adopted. The boats were boarded by members of the committee, who presented collecting cards to the passengers, and in this impromptu method of charity the Queen good-naturedly joined.

ACCORDING to present appearances, says a New York telegram of January 16, it seems likely that the projected World's Fair in 1892, to celebrate the discovery of America by Columbus, will not be held at all. The representatives of St. Louis having failed to secure the selection of that city as the site of the fair, are now placing obstacles in the way of its being held elsewhere. The probabilities are that the celebration will be confined to the laying of the corner-stone of some memorial buildings, as the time is becoming too short to permit of organising a celebration on a more suitable scale.

THE SOCIAL TREATMENT OF LEPERS.

AN address was recently delivered on the "Social Treatment of Lepers in Ancient and Modern Times," by Mr. Austin J. King, at the Bath Literary and Philosophical Association, and some notes founded on the address have been printed for private circulation.

Mr. King points out that doubtless leprosy existed in Gaul at a period antecedent to any extant records. The French savant, M. Loubert, endeavours to demonstrate this from the prehistoric monuments and the legends and superstitions of the Brotons, and it is said that upon some human bones found by M. Erculin in the autediluvian village at Solutre (Saone et Loire), leprosy had left unmistakeable traces. If the disease had indeed so ancient a commencement in Western Europe, it had died out before the commencement of history. The earliest historical mention of the disease is with reference to its being endemic in the Nile Delta of Eygpt in B. C. 1500. The Jews during their captivity lived under conditions most favourable to the development of skin disease, and it is beyond doubt that lepers were, from the time of Moses until the birth of Christ, regarded by the Jews as not only unfortunate, but infamous. In the reign of Herod there were, around Jerusalem, living in caves and huts and hollows in the rocks, colonies of half-starved-lepers, begging bread from the guards at the gates, and driven away as noisome vermin from parties of Jews entering or quitting the city.

The disease was not confined to Judea, but infested many Eastern countries, being so common in Persia that even animals were infected. It does not, however, appear to have manifested itself in the West until introduced by the soldiers and camp followers of Pompey's army, on their return from Syria in B.C. 63, but, before the end of the first century of our era, it had become well established, not only in Italy, but also in Spain, Germany, Gaul, and the North African Settlements.

THE LEPER AN OUTCAST.

So far as concerns medieval leprosy, the State and Society denied that lepers had any legal rights, or any claim to consideration. They contended that a disease which rendered the presence of a man in society both insupportable and dangerous, justified his being cast out and driven away, without reference to what might become of him. The Church, on the other hand, was the exponent of the principle which now obtains in all Christian countries, that, although society is perfectly justified in so isolating a person suffering from a communicable disease as to render him innocuous to others, the right can only be exercised with the qualification that, as his natural mode of living is interfered with, provision must be made for his support. The Council of Orleans, in 549, directed the Bishops of France to supply lepers with food out of the funds of the Church, and the Council of Lyons, in 583, repeats this injunction, but, in order to stop the wandering about of lepers in search of alms, forbids their entering strange cities.

The Lombard King Rotharis, in 643, decreed that a leper was to be treated as one dead, was to be driven from the town and deprived of the right of disposing of his property.

THE DENUNCIATION OF THE DISEASED.

In France and the Low Countries a duty was imposed on the inhabitants of each parish to denounce any person suspected of leprosy. If this was not promptly done, or if a person who had not been denounced died of leprosy, the cattle and goods of the parishioners were forfeited. In England it was held that a leper must not be seen in the company of men. In Scotland exact provision was made for the seclusion of lepers by the Leges Quatuor Bargorum, passed in the reign of King David, and an inquiry was afterwards directed to be held thrice a year to see if any lepers remained concealed in any town. Bishops, deans, and other official persons making visitors were also ordered to denounce any lepers, if laymen to the king, if clerks to their bishops. On the Continent the law was similar. The custom roll of Hainault provides that a stranger leper be conducted to the frontier of the parish, and be then given a black cloak, a cliquette or rattle, and an arms dish, and be set going in the direction of his place of birth—an early instance of the enforcement of the "law of settlement." The parish in which the leper was born was directed to accommodate him with a house, built on four posts, which was to be burnt after the inmate's death; and this was a fair specimen of the rules in force elsewhere.

THE PERSECUTIONS OF THE FOURTEENTH CENTURY.

It is difficult to reduce into calm black and white the wild suspicions, the terrible accusations, the bewildering terrors of this age. But there were two generic charges against lepers. The first was that they blasphemed, for the sake of cure, in human blood. Pius epeaks of "the abominable kings and queens themselves in pails of blood when attacked by leprosy, and it was an idea which prevailed down to a comparatively recent period that human blood was a specific in many diseases. There is evidence for example, that Louis XI. of France, in his last illness, drank human blood as a medicine. Michelet, in his life of the sage of Fife, in his work "De Secretis Naturæ," says: "It ought to be known that the blood of dogs and of infants, two years old or under, when diffused through a bath of heated water, dispels the leprosy without a doubt." The fact of such a statement having been made by a philosopher of the learning and standing of Michael Scott may well account for the general belief that the diseases might sometimes be of this terrible remedy, and there can be but little doubt that instances did exist of lepers enticing children and maidens into their haunts and slaying them, in order to obtain their blood, a cure from the horrible agony of the disease. The terrible aspect of the leper, the distortion of his features, the horrible stench which he exhaled, and the knowledge of the cruel persecutions and more cruel insult and contempt to which he was exposed, would make the ignorant eager to believe that he thirsted for their blood. The popular belief in the efficacy of blood baths was, however, destroyed by an astute suggestion, that the blood must be that of a person who had volunteered to sacrifice himself on the altar of friendship. The second accusation was that the lepers were in some way envious, a story was concocted that the Moors of Granada, anxious to prevent a fourth crusade, had bribed the Jews to poison the wells throughout Christendom—that the Jews were frightened to undertake the work themselves, and had incited the lepers to do it. A further development of the story was that four general councils of lepers had been held, attended by delegates from all the Lazar houses in Europe, except those in England, and that resolutions had been passed for killing or infecting all the healthy. In June, 1321, it was reported to Paillippe le Long and the estates of the realm assembled at Poitiers, that the springs and wells in Aquitaine were, "or shortly would be," poisoned; and in the August following a law was passed at Crecy, ordering all judges to apprehend lepers, and execute upon them the "full judgment of vengeance." "in order promptly to wash the earth of the wicked and superstitious curse of the lepers who still lived." Many hundreds, some say many thousands, of lepers were burnt under this inhuman and wicked law. The fact was that many of the Lazar houses were rich, and the king thirsted for their wealth, as one of our English kings thirsted for the wealth of the monasteries. At the stake and under torture many wretches confessed, or accused themselves and their companions of any and every crime their persecutors liked to suggest; and these confessions, of course, were hawked about and increased the virulence of the attack. The Chronicle of of Landercost states that, throughout the Continent, all the lepers who could be found were burnt.

THE DECLINE OF THE DISEASE.

The disease began to decline in England very early in the fifteenth century. Among the charters and annals of the hospital at Sherburn, it is stated that there were in 1434, so few leper candidates for admission, that the scope of the charity was altered, and poor men and women were entertained. There is a proviso that accommodation was to be reserved, apart from the other inmates, for two lepers if they could be found. In Scotland, the disease lingered much later, for, as late as 1591, a hospital was newly founded at Greenside, in Edinburgh. The building used had been a Carmelite Monastery. In Ireland also leprosy existed after it had almost vanished from lands where civilisation had made greater progress. In France, leprosy continued not only to exist, but to constitute a practical danger, even until the commencement of the seventeenth century. In 1612 there was a regal ordinance against the marriage of lepers in that country. The decline of leprosy followed gradually upon the amelioration of the condition, of the people. As food became more plentiful as marshes were drained, as the culture of vegetables became more common, the poison of leprosy ceased to find a soil in which it could germinate, and, although individual cases probably exist in almost every country to this date, the disease ceased to be endemic except in a few districts. There has been considerable discussion as to whether the physicians from the fourteenth to the eighteenth centuries considered the disease to be altogether beyond cure. There is evidence that they resorted to treatment, consisting mainly of baths impregnated with herbs, and various natural waters, such as the hot mineral springs of bath, and a chalybeate at Burton Lazars, Leicestershire. Such treatement would no doubt have been efficacious in giving comfort, and alleviating local pain. A Dr. Wurtzang, in 1605, advocated a powder of burnt hedgehog's flesh; and in Robert Lovel's "Completed Herbal," it is to be found a very long list of roots and herbs supposed to be efficacious. Although the disease continued to exist, it had in Christendom degenerated, from a national disaster to an individual misfortune, and the political economist ceased to regard it as within his province. The precautions which had been adopted with the view of stamping out the disease in Western Europe, were neglected or discontinued; and for this or some other reason, it was forced upon the notice of those interested in public health, that leprosy was once more upon the increase. The question which demanded, as it still demands, a definite solution, was whether this horrible disease is communicable, and if so, in what manner. Clearly upon the answer must depend the whole theory and practice of the treatment of lepers.

A TELEGRAM from Berlin announces the non-success of an attempt to acclimatize the reindeer in the Hartz Mountains for sporting purposes. Another attempt is to be made at Algau in Bavaria, but the object has no relation to sport, and is purely practical. Should the attempt succeed, and the animals become accustomed to the climate, forage, and condition of the soil, the result, says the correspondent, would be to create for the small peasants in mountain regions, a new and very lucrative branch of industry. It is impossible for the peasant of small means to raise cattle in a really profitable manner, in consequence of the present relatively high cost price; whereas the Swedish reindeer, once accustomed to the country, multiply very rapidly, and require scarcely any real care, because they have always lived out of doors, are excellent venison, first-rate milk-producers, and, in addition, are available as beasts of burden, or as draught animals, as is usual in the North.

WONDERS OF THE SPECTROSCOPE.

PROFESSOR HUGGINS contributes the second portion of his paper on the wonders of the spectroscope to the *Scotsman*, and in the course of it writes as follows:—

An analogy based upon our solar system had suggested with considerable probability, before the spectroscope had a place among the instruments of an observatory, that the stars were suns more or less after the order of our sun. But there are other bodies in the heavens in respect of which analogy from our own system in its present state entirely failed us.

Under favourable conditions there come forth from the darkness of the sky a multitude of faintly luminous patches and balls and wisps of feebly shining cloudy stuff which are in strong contrast to the bright point-like stars, and are known as nebulæ (little clouds.) At present our catalogues contain some 10,000 of these objects, of which two or three, such as the nebulæ in the girdle of Andromeda, and the nebulæ in the sword-scabbard of Orion, may be seen by the naked eye.

Sir William Herschel, who discovered a large number of these bodies with his great telescope at Slough, suggested that they might be portions of the primordial material out of which the existing stars had been fashioned, and further, that in the great variety of forms which these bodies present, we might have before us some of the stages through which suns and planets pass in their evolution from an original fiery mist.

Later on, as with successive advances of telescopic power some of these bodies were resolved into clusters of closely aggregated stars, a change began to take place in astronomical opinion, and the nebulæ came to be regarded as systems of stars too remote to be separately distinguishable, and in the supposed "architecture of the heavens" galaxy of worlds was piled up behind galaxy until language, and imagination even failed.

The large telescopes which resolved some of these bodies brought into view other fainter nebulæ, often of vast extent and apparently of fantastic forms, which even the popular opinion of that time almost refused to believe to be "sandheaps of stars."

One of the most memorable epochs of the new science of astronomical physics was the night when for the first time the spectroscope was directed to one of these objects, and their true nature laid open to the astonished gaze of the observer. He saw not a complete spectrum, as in case of the stars, but three bright lines only, about the middle of the spectrum, and in these, nature's own handwriting, he read the new information that these bodies are masses of hot gas.

Sir William Herschel's guess was not far wrong. The marvellous celestial architecture of "galaxy behind galaxy" disappeared, but in its place there arose before us the simple but sublime spectacle of enormous gaseous masses, doubtless the birthplaces of new suns and systems.

The spectroscope told us more. One element, so important to solar and terrestial chemistry that its absence would make the present state of things here, together with human and all other life, impossible, namely, hydrogen, was certainly an important constituent of these hot gaseous bodies.

Within a few nights of the memorable evening of August 29, 1864, when the spectroscope revealed to man the true nature of the nebulæ, the instrument was directed to many other nebulæ, with the result that these bodies may be broadly divided into two classes. One class contains the nebulæ which give a spectrum, which consists mainly of a few bright lines; the nebulæ of the other class give a more complete spectrum, in which the light appears sensibly continuous, though in reality crossed with bright or dark lines. It must not be supposed that the two classes of nebulæ are independent orders of bodies, but that the gaseous nebulæ, as it is convenient to call the first class, are probably in an earlier stage of evolution. These bright-lined nebulæ are probably at or near the beginning of the evolutionary circle, so far as we can know it. As to the conditions which have been anterior to the state of things we find in these nebulæ, the spectroscope is silent. But there is little doubt that the nebulæ which give a more complete spectrum are in a later stage of development.

There are heavenly bodies of another order, which we see from time to time as we look out from our little dwelling-place into the space around us—namely, the blazing stars or comets which in the old time were regarded as the portents of all kinds of woe.

Here, again, the spectroscope did not fail

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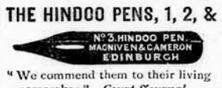
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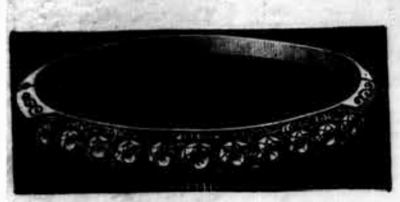

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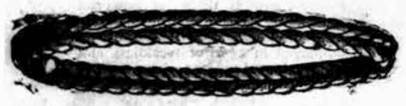

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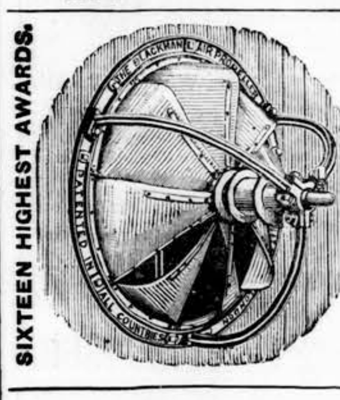

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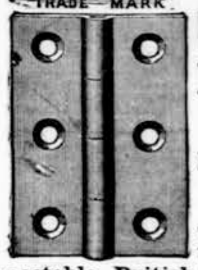

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